THE DAILY GAZETTE
PUBLISHED EVERY (MORNING,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors,
F. B. PENNIMAN.....JOSIAH KING.
T. P. HOUSTON.....W. P. REED.
Editors. Business Managers.
OFFICE, GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 AND 86 FIFTH STREET.
Leading Republican Paper of Western Pennsylvania
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PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 172. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JULY 29, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

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TWO EDITIONS,
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF PERSONS leaving the city during the summer months they can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address, by ordering the same at the office, for fifteen cents per week for one week or more.

THE PRESENCE of what is called "genuine Asiatic cholera" in different sections of the United States should excite our citizens to renewed sanitary precautions. It is confidently believed, in some circles, that the dread pestilence prevails in a number of the larger cities to a more alarming extent than has been made public; that we do not receive truthful reports from neighboring communities regarding public health. Whether there is much or little truth in the surmises matters not. We certainly have just occasion to anticipate and provide against a visit from the disease. The city is ripe for the harvest of death, and should the scourge come our way the mortality lists will prove fearful. The recent rains have hardly improved our sanitary condition. Much filth was swept into the river, but much more was left exposed to the sun's fierce rays to pollute and poison the atmosphere. The alleys and by-ways, and, indeed, the greater number of streets, are in an exceedingly filthy condition, some of them being entirely innocent of the scavengers' attention since last Winter, or perhaps the Autumn preceding. There is no cause for immediate alarm, but every citizen should resolve himself into a sanitary committee of one to see to righting his own premises and looking into those of his neighbor. A few days work, well directed, will accomplish much good, and perhaps may save hundreds of lives. In apathy, there is decided danger; in being fully awake to the impending danger, will do no harm, but be productive of much good.

IT WAS ANNOUNCED early last week that the libel suit brought by Mr. GERRIT SMITH against the Chicago *Tribune* had been settled. The libel was alleged to consist in a statement that Mr. SMITH knew beforehand of Mr. JOHN BROWN'S raid into Virginia, furnished money in aid thereof, afterwards feigned insanity, and went to a Lunatic Asylum to escape responsibility. In settling the suit this charge was virtually withdrawn.

On Saturday last, Mr. HORACE WHITE, one of the editors of the *Tribune*, published over his own signature a card, in which he says he was from home when the settlement was made, and is dissatisfied with it. He adds:

"I am in possession of information which enables me to affirm that Mr. Gerrit Smith was fully advised of John Brown's purpose to make an armed invasion or raid upon Virginia, for a long time prior to such invasion or raid; that the said Gerrit Smith assented to and co-operated in such invasion or raid, with advice, money and counsel; that interviews took place between John Brown and Gerrit Smith at the residence of the latter in Petersboro, New York, in the summer of 1859, at which John Brown unfolded to Gerrit Smith his plan so far as it was then matured, informing him particularly that Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, had been fixed upon as the place to which arms should be first sent; that the plan contemplated not merely a method of running off slaves, but a military occupation of the country and a general insurrection of slaves, accompanied by violence and bloodshed, and that Gerrit Smith knew it, assented to it, and furnished money to carry it forward."

The Oldest Relic of Humanity.

The oldest remnant of mortality extant is the skeleton of one of the earlier Pharaohs incased in the original burial robes, and wonderfully perfect, considering its age, which was deposited about eighteen or twenty months ago in the British Museum, and is justly considered the most valuable of its archæological treasures. The lid of the coffin which contained the royal mummy was inscribed with the name of its occupant, Pharaoh Mykerinus, who succeeded the heir of the builder of the great pyramid about two centuries before Christ. Only think of it; the monarch whose crumbling bones and leathery integuments are now exciting the wonder of numerous gazers in London, reigned in Egypt before Abraham was born, and only about two centuries or so after Mizraim, the grandson of old father Noah and the first of the Pharaohs had been gathered to his fathers.—*Exchange.*

Whoever wrote the foregoing would do well, before proceeding farther, to devote some time to chronology. This Pharaoh is described as having lived only two hundred years before Christ, and only about two centuries after Mizraim, the grandson of Noah! As Abraham is commonly computed to have been born 1921 years B. C., and the deluge on which Noah sailed, to have happened 427 years before Abraham's birth, the writer of the above would seem to have blundered unaccountably.

WHAT is called the concrete pavement is received with great favor at the east, and has been recently tried at the west with success. It is constructed with a foundation of cobble stones, tarred and covered with coarse gravel, and the surface is completed with fine gravel. This is soon made as hard and even as stone, and gives a pavement elastic, yet firm. Its construction is the work of only two or three days, after which it is as hard and solid as a traveled and beaten road. Time has proved it to be very durable, and its many other excellences have made it very popular. Some of its advantages are that it is always hard and dry, it does not crack with frost, nor is it affected by either heat or cold, and it always remains level and dry. It costs about the same as brick, yet does not break or yield, but presents as even and hard a surface as stone.

In the event of the triumph of the manhood suffrage measure in Ohio, some of the Democratic journals of that State threaten to elect, so far as it is in the power of the party to elect, negroes to office. This homœopathic threat is put forth to frighten Republicans out of voting affirmatively on the question, but it cannot have much weight. In some Democratic districts the minority might welcome a change in the men who manage to get office, even if blacks should be substituted for whites.

THE Mayor St. Louis recently so far forgot the dignity of his office as to strike with a cane and kick a respectable negro woman of that city. He was brought up before a Justice of the Peace and tried by a jury of six men, who found him guilty of the charge and assessed him to pay a fine of three dollars and costs—a very light penalty for so grave an offence.

THE political feeling runs very high in Tennessee. Maynard and Etheridge met accidentally at Greenville, last week, when a personal recontre took place, the latter striking the former. They were separated before any damage was done either.

DURING the past two weeks six citizens of Lancaster, Pa., died, whose ages aggregated four hundred and seventy years.

A JOURNAL devoted to the interest of the game of base ball has made its appearance in New York.

THE Board of Health of St. Louis has promulgated an order forbidding the sale, in that city, of indigestible vegetables and fruits, such as cabbages, melons, cucumbers, unripe apples, &c. This measure looks very much as if the cholera has made its appearance in that neighborhood. Such rare precaution is seldom taken before the presence of the danger.

An Almost Unexampled Career of Villainy and Crime.

Old citizens of Cincinnati are still familiar, doubtless, with the name of John W. Green, who, a number of years since, resided here, and was engaged in the manufacture and sale of Japan ware. During this time he made the acquaintance of, and finally married, a highly respectable lady, and one much admired amongst a large circle of friends. For a time everything seemed to go well with Green and his wife. He continued in business, and apparently flourished in it. Three children were successively born to the couple, and Green began to be looked upon by some as one of the "solid men" of the city. Others, however, distrusted him from the first; and several little peccadilloes which came to light after a couple of years, caused so close a watch to be kept upon him, that he was unable to practice here any rascality upon a large scale. This did not suit him. Unknown to his acquaintances, he disposed of every bit of his property, and suddenly leaving the city, he was heard of no more for years. His wife and children were left behind. The latter were well cared for; but our impression is now, that the betrayed and deserted woman died some years ago.

Many who never thenceforth heard of the scoundrel hoped that he, too, was dead. But it was a portion of his plan of operations to assume false names, and under different aliases he continued to have carried on a career of unmitigated swindling, imposture and villainy, up to the present time. The following from the New Haven (Connecticut) *Journal*, of Monday last, will, if we mistake not, convince our readers that Green is one of the most consummate rascals of the age:

"The Hartford *Post* of yesterday, gives an account of a Methodist clergyman stationed at Middlefield, who called himself Cullison, but whose real name is John W. Green, who has turned out to be a swindler, forger and incendiary, and the husband of four wives—one in Western New York, with five children; one in Cincinnati, Ohio, with three children, one in Baltimore, and one with him. He has been in this State four years, and by his efforts a church has been built at Middlefield, over which he was made a pastor. In Philadelphia he was sent to the Penitentiary for swindling, for fifteen months, and served his time out.

"In New York he was sent to Sing Sing for five years for the same offense, but was pardoned in six months. He served in the army as chaplain, and robbed the soldiers' letters of money; and got $100 from Mr. Lincoln on a plea of going South to make a treaty with Jeff. Davis. About two months ago his wife came to Middlefield with a baby that created suspicion. He claimed that he lost everything, but he was arrested and made to disclose the location of certain trunks he had hid under the church and carried off. These trunks were found to contain all his and his wife's clothing, books, jewelry, etc.

"The swindler is a man over fifty years old, has four wives living, and is divorced from only one; is tall and thin, quick in motion, fluent in speech, has black hair and eyes, preaches a fine sermon—but no doubt steals them from sermons of English divines, of which he had a number in volumes in his trunk. When living in Middletown, he took improper liberties with a girl twelve years old, who lived with him, going into her room after she was asleep, and there are other charges against him of a similar character. He and his wife have quarreled like cats and dogs, and never more so than on Sundays. He came to Berlin a short time ago to start a Congregational Church, pretending to be one of that denomination himself, and endeavored to get help from pastors, but failed. He owes large amounts in Middletown and vicinity."—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

Chinese Fanatics

That Chinese are capable of enduring much for religion is to be seen by the long and toilsome pilgrimages undertaken by many, as also in the works of mortification of the flesh in which their zeal finds vent instead of in proselytism. On one occasion, a few weeks ago, I was witness to these mortifications of the flesh. The place was New Wung, a temple close to Ningpo, which has recently gained a high reputation for the piety of the inmates. At the time I entered, two priests were undergoing the operation of having the finger burned off. A string was tied tightly around the finger under the second knuckle, the hand was then surrounded by a ball of clay, and the fist doubled up, leaving one finger sticking out. Round this finger was tied sandal-wood, which was lighted, and boiling and blazing rum and oil poured upon it. The person operated on sat in a chair, untied, with the burning band on the altar. Nothing prevented him moving his hand at any moment. At any time he could have asked, and the torture would have been discontinued. I staid an hour and a half witnessing this strange sight, all of which time gongs were beating and prayers being said. Behind one of the sufferers stood an aged priest, his hands on the shoulders of the sufferer, a young, healthy looking man. From the hands of the old Bonze five fingers were missing, they having been burned off. I must confess that though I am used to see operations, etc., without a shudder, I sickened at the sight of this needless pain and deformation of God's image.—*Shanghai Recorder.*

THE EDITOR'S DRAWER, in *Harper's Magazine*, for August has a funny incident which occurred at Chattanooga, during the winter of 1862—3, in which a Lieutenant of Pennsylvania regiment (was it the 78th?) was the hero. The Drawer says:—Although the male inhabitants in that region were opposed to the sway of our common Federal Uncle, the women were opposed to Unionism, and one of the results of this sentiment on the part of the gentle sex was a disposition to go in strong for everything in the way of dances. The junior officers and sometimes the seniors, reciprocated this admirable feeling. Among the subalterns was a Lieutenant of a Pennsylvania Regiment who was a great lady-killer, and prided himself thereon. On one occasion this sanguinary young man found a lady who could waltz—a rare accomplishment among the rustics of Tennessee and Georgia. He was in extacies! and as the damsel was quite good-looking, paid her any number of compliments both on her dancing and beauty. In fact there is no knowing where this flattery would have ended, had he not been brought up all standing by a brief statement of fact, which was as follows: "La me stranger! you call me good-looking *now!* Why you just ought to have seen me before I had the *diarrhœa!*"

—A writer in the New York *Gazette* contrasting Spurgeon and Beecher, says: "No man in the world understands his physical state better than Mr. Beecher. His eating, sleeping, exercise all conform to the laws of health. He is thoroughly temperate in all respects. He has reached a half century with a sound constitution in a healthy body, and has twenty-five years good service in him yet. Spurgeon is a young man. His fleshy appearance and the gout that has already overtaken him, show that physical laws must be obeyed as well as moral. Mr. Beecher lives plainly, is simple in his dress and in his habits, and if met in the streets, would sooner be taken for an express man in a hurry for the cars than a minister. Spurgeon dresses in true English clerical style, is a free liver, enjoys an elegant hospitality, keeps his coach and coachman, lives in a fine mansion, and boasts as good a turn-out as the Archbishop of Canterbury.

—In the Michigan Constitutional Convention, a clause extending the right of suffrage to Indians has been adopted. A motion was made to qualify the clause extending the right of suffrage to all male Indians, natives of the United states, by requiring that they shall be civilized, but it was afterward rejected on the ground that it was of no practical value. It was also moved to require that it should apply only to Indians who have dissolved their tribal relations. It was argued that this would cut off every Indian vote, and this was defeated. All Indians are therefore now voters, under the clause.

—The Mayor of Utica has prohibited the spitting of tobacco juice on the sidewalks. If that Mayor can put a stop to his indecency, we would wish that no ent up Utica shall confine his powers.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, July 27, 1868.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

A quarter of a million of fractional currency was sent to the United States depository, at Chicago, during the week.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Internal Revenue receipts for the week were $1,078,363.

NATIONAL BANK LOSSES.

The Pequonnock National Bank, of Bridgeport, Connecticut, has lost by its teller, about fifty thousand dollars, as far as ascertained. Government examiners are investigating its condition.

SANFORD CONOVER AGAIN.

The Court having overruled the motion for a stay of execution of the sentence of Sanford Conover, the warden is preparing to take him to Albany.

FROM THE STONEWALL.

The entire crew for the Stonewall, for Japan, has been shipped, and it is likely she will leave about Thursday or Friday, stopping at Norfolk, where she will go into the dry dock for an examination of her hull.

LAND OFFICE PATENTS.

The Commissioner General of the Land Office, within the last ten days, transmitted seven hundred and twenty-two patents to individuals for lands in the following Districts:—Bonneville, Ore., 58. Cloud, Minn.; Traverse City, Mich.; Springfield, Ill.; Carson City, Nevada.

CADETS APPOINTED.

The War Department has issued an order appointing the last ten days graduates at West Point to Second Lieutenants, and specifying the regiments to which they are gazetted.

POLITICAL COALITION WITH BLACKS.

Several South Carolinians, opposed to Republicans, who have recently been in Washington, say the leading conservatives have proposed to form a political bargain to some leading colored citizens, to the effect that the conservatives will help the blacks to elect the latter's candidates to Congress without regard to color, provided the blacks will give the whites control of the State government.

THE MEXICAN MINISTER.

Senor Romero intends soon to return temporarily to Mexico, having received leave of absence from his post after eight years of diligent labor. He will, however, be remitting attention to the arduous duties and responsibilities which devolved upon him as the representative of the Mexican republic in this country.

NAMES OF CADETS.

The following are the declensions to the regiments of Cadets of the Military Academy just appointed Second Lieutenants in the Corps of Engineers, Cadets: Earnest H. Ruffner, John C. Mallory, Clinton B. Sears, Peter Tuerto, J. Wm. Wood, Wm. H. Rogers, Lewis M. Haupt, Edward Maguire, F. A. Mahan, C. F. Powell, F. A. Ruman, Ordnance Department, Cadet John A. Green; John Pitman, Jr., First Regiment Cavalry; Cadet, Henry A. Moss; Third Cavalry; Geo. S. Crodlesoon; Fifth Cavalry; Jacob Kunz; Seventh Cavalry; Cadet W. M. Johnson, Edward S. Godfrey; Eighth Cavalry; R. Berdy; First Artillery; William J. Reynold, Jr.; John M. Wilson, Jr.; James E. Bell, Thos. A. Barber, Allyn Capron, Edw. Merriman, Lander Thowes, Gilbert E. Patterson, Second Artillery; Cadet Wm. H. Thombury, E. T. C. Rosemond, James Bassett, Alex. D. Schenck, Edwin Curtis, Barnet Weaver, M. Crawford, Jr., Lniel N. Loma, Gifford. Third Artillery; Chas. S. Heintzelman, E. B. Osgood, Sedgwick, Pratt, Henry D. Wallen, Jr., John M. Wilson, Jr., James E. Edward Davis, C. C. Valeo 7. Fourth Artillery; Crosby B. Miller, Charles G. Sweberry, Samuel M. Jones, Granston G. A. Garretson, Walter Howe, Horatio W. Jones, E. N. Chester. Fifth Regiment Artillery; Charles Bhler, Jr., Lniel N. Loma, John McClellan, Oliver E. Wood, A. Tracy Lee, Stanislaus Roznak, William J. Roe, Jr., Wm. B. Cullum, Thomas R. Adams. Fifteenth Infantry: Wm. J. Sartle.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, July 27, 1867.

SHIP ARRIVED.

The steamer Columbia, from Glasgow, arrived to-day.

EPISCOPAL COUNCIL.

Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, sailed per City of Antwerp, for England, to attend the Grand Council of the Episcopal Church in September.

CITY MORTALITY.

The deaths in the city of New York for the week were 813 inclusive and seventy-eight, an increase of ninety-seven over last week. The mortality was mostly among children.

ALLEGED FORGERS ARRESTED.

George Williams, George M. Wilkes and Joseph S. Odley have been arrested, supposed to be concerned in a large number of forgeries within several months, including that of a check for $17,000 on a Broadway bank, purporting to be signed by the Board of Education.

RAILROAD DISAGREEMENTS.

The *Express* says that at the meeting of the representatives of the Trunk lines, held on Friday afternoon, there was some excitement, and Erie withdrew from the compact, and will now act independently. The Baltimore and Ohio withdrew from it some time ago, the only parties to the compact remaining are New York Central and Pennsylvania Central, and it is therefore considered virtually at an end.

AN ACTOR BIGAMIST.

George W. Chandler, *alias* Garrison, an actor of some repute, has been arrested for alleged bigamy. He pleads an Indiana divorce in the bar.

CHOLERA IN QUEENS COUNTY.

A fatal case of cholera occurred in the township of Newton, Queens county, and it is reported that several other persons were attacked in the same house. The premises have been disinfected.

THE SURRATT TRIAL.

Evidence Closed—District Attorney Carrington Opens the Argument.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, July 27, 1867.

The case being considered closed, so far as the evidence is concerned, Judge Fisher ruled on certain points of items of evidence. He struck out the evidence about Jacob Thompson, also the evidence relative to telegraphic communication between Washington and New York; also the Duell letter. He admitted the evidence relative to the attack upon the Secretaries and Secretary Seward, and that as to the shooting of Union prisoners escaping from rebel prisons.

The defense noted an exception to the admission of this evidence.

After some debate as to the course of procedure with the arguments, Judge Fisher ordered the counsel to proceed.

District Attorney Carrington consumed the balance of the day for the prosecution on questions of law, and will take up all of to-morrow on questions of fact.

Counsel for defense, Mr. Bradley.

Mr. Pierrepoint will close the argument, which is expected to last all of next week.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Levee Commissioners, Appointed by General Sheridan, Ordered to Commence Operations—Governorship of Texas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Levee matters emanated from headquarters to-day, renewing the functions of the Board of Levee Commissioners, appointed by General Sheridan, and ordering them to commence operations immediately.

A dispatch says General Sheridan will probably appoint Judge Paschall Governor of Texas, in place of Throckmorton.

FROM BOSTON.

Attempt to Rob—Public Library Not to be Opened on Sunday.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
BOSTON, July 27.—An attempt was made to rob Charles W. Andrews, at his lodging room, on Union street, last night, of $14,000 in greenbacks. Andrews was struck with a bully or the head, but seized his assailant and with the help of an officer arrested him. His name is Robert Dunlap. He was held for trial.

The Committee on City Council reported against the opening of the Public Library on Sundays.

FROM CANADA.

Arrival of British Troops—Mine Explosion—Fatal Accident—Drowned Away.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
QUEBEC, July 28.—The troop ship Lamar, with the 29th regiment, arrived to-day.

A mine near Fort Point Levi exploded, killing a man named Franconda and seriously wounding three others.

NIAGARA, July 26.—The remaining portion of Table Rock was blown away from the main rock this afternoon by a blast of two hundred pounds of powder.

FROM RICHMOND.

Re-Assembling of Boards of Registration—The Filling of Official Vacancies.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
RICHMOND, Va., July 27.—Gen. Schofield will, on Monday, issue an order arranging the details for the re-assembling of Boards of Registration. Vacancies are to be filled by Sub-District Commanders. In the filling of judicial offices which may become vacant in the State, nominations will be sent to the Governor. For all other vacancies nominations will be sent direct to headquarters.

Driving Park Opened—Ten Mile Trot.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 27.—The Schenectady driving park was formally opened for races to-day. The match ten miles trot, for five hundred dollars, between Nellie Gray and Carrie Sharp, this evening, was won by Nellie Gray. Time, 33:3.

Base Ball to Chicago.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
CHICAGO, July 27.—In the base ball match to-day, between the Nationals of Washington and Excelsior's of Chicago, the former won. The score stood forty-nine to four. The Excelsiors were whitewashed six times.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

Indian Troubles in Idaho—Receipts and Shipments of Wheat—Crop Accounts Conflicting.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Idaho advices state that General Crook started on a scouting expedition to Stein Mountain, July 9th. Considerable fighting was expected. Scouts report signs of large bands of Indians in that vicinity.

The Indians made their appearance five miles south of Silver on July 9th, and drove off a quantity of stock. Troops were immediately sent in pursuit from Camp Winthrop.

The steamship Golden City, from Panama, arrived to-day. The ship Sunrise, for Liverpool, with 3,600 sacks of wheat, and barque Clifton, for Liverpool with a cargo of copper ore, cleared. The receipts of wheat for the past week were over 120,000 sacks, at an average of $1.70@1.75. Twenty vessels are at present in this port engaged to load wheat, fifteen of which are for Liverpool.

Accounts concerning the crops being gathered are somewhat conflicting. The possible surplus for export will not be as large as anticipated. Choice shipping grades are quoted at $1.65@1.70. Milling, $1.50@1.60. Barley, at $1.35@1.40. Legal tenders, 74½.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.—The bark Clifton, for Liverpool, sailed.

The flour sales for the week reached only seventy-five hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

The suit of Mortimer Phelps against the Union Copper Mining Company was decided in favor of the plaintiff, the jury awarding for one-thirteenth of the mine three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, the estimated the value of the ores heretofore extracted.

R. H. Farquehar, County Clerk of Nevada county, has published two hundred and twenty-eight, an increase of ninety-seven over last week. The mortality was mostly among children.

R. J. G. McCallum declines the nomination for Secretary of State on the National Republican ticket.

The schooner "Fannie Hare," thirty-eight days from Hong Kong, has arrived. The ship Wizard, from Boston, was also reported at Hong Kong, and fears were entertained for her safety. The British ship "Day Dawn," and the Dutch ship Japan, sailed from San Francisco previous to June 15th. The steamship "Moses Taylor," from San Juan, arrived last night.

A. Montgomery, late Treasurer of Santa Clara county, was sentenced two years to the State Prison.

Flour firm at $6.00@8.50. Wheat, $1.85, Barley, $2.45. Mining stocks irregular; to-day's sales—Crown Point, $13.25; Yellow Jacket, $13.75; Gould & Curry, $12; Scorpion, $4.40; Kentucky, $3.90; Imperial, $2.67; Empire Mill, $1.80; Overman, $1.92; Ophir, $1.30; Justice, $1.05.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—The British ship "Burlington," recently from Sydney, was libelled, and subsequently released on the passenger contract, claim $20,000 damages. The schooner "Sarah" capsized square off Santa Cruz, and two lives were lost. Five drowned. The ship "Blackwa l," from Panama, arrived. The "Sunrise," for Liverpool, sailed.

The San Francisco Water Company have filed articles of incorporation, with a capital of $6,000,000, and propose to supply the city with fresh water from the Calaveras mountains. They will commence operations immediately.

Connecticut Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
HARTFORD, Conn., July 27.—The Legislature adjourned sine die to-day, after a session of three months. The only important amendment, giving suffrage to all citizens, male and female, was lost—82 to 111.

Death of a Fenian.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
BUFFALO, July 27.—Sergeant John Lynch, of Cincinnati, a member of the Fenian army under General O'Neill, died in this city to-day, from a gun-shot wound received at Ridgeway.

Southern Crop Prospects.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
AUGUSTA, GA., July 27.—Accounts from Florida, Middle and Eastern Alabama, are favorable to the crops. The grain crops are abundant and generally promising.

The Virginia Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
RICHMOND, July 27.—At a meeting of the citizens of Henrico, to-day, Franklin Stearns presided, and delegates were appointed to the August Convention.

Arrival of the Borussia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
SANDY HOOK, July 28, 11 P. M.—The steamship Borussia, from Hamburg, July 18th, has passed this point and will reach her dock about one o'clock.

GENERAL NEWS.

—General Pillow estimates the corn crop on his plantations near Helena, Arkansas, at 200,000 bushels.

—A Mobile paper rudely speaks of Mr. Raymond as "that soft-spoken and mild mannered Radical savage."

—The Troy *Times* says the Congressman Morrissey made upwards of $200,000 in stock operations in Wall street last week.

—Charles Clark, a resident of Michigan, has sued the City of Chicago to recover $5,000 damages for injuries sustained on a defective sidewalk.

—Senator Cole, has been at Albany for the past two or three days on a visit to his brother, Judge Cowen, who is now on a waiting trial for the murder of L. Harris Hiscock.

—Memorandum for tedious brains: N. P. Willis once said, in private conversation, that a woman would tire of Phœbus Apollo himself if the young man hung about the house all the time.

—Austin Bronson, of New York, seeks a divorce from his wife Hannah, as he is afraid of her. She gets drunk and breaks the furniture. She tosses billets of wood at his head with annoying accuracy, and mouldy soliloquizes about arsenic.

—The Nenin *Torchlight* remarks: "It appears to be almost a foregone conclusion that George H. Pendleton is to be the Democratic candidate for next President. George is eloquent, and elegant, and polished, and doesn't smell of any of your 'demnition' blood of the 'unholy war.'"

—On one occasion, Mr. James T. Brady, of New York, was defending a hard case, when the Judge made several rulings very much against the defendant. Whereupon Mr. Brady blandly inquired: "May it please your honor, who's engaged on the other side of this case beside the Judge?"

—The Maysville (Ky.) *Eagle* says: "We learn that John L. Scott has sold his peach crop to a Cincinnati firm for $14,000, the purchaser to gather the fruit, pay all expenses and take all risks. We learn that the crop is very large, and the trees are loaded with fruit good. The orchard contains fifty acres, and cost Mr. Scott, some years ago, $6,000.

—Mr. Berry writes to Mr. Seward that there was gold in abundance "in the Stickeen river;" in Walrussia, "three hundred miles from its source," in the year 1900. He says that Mr. Seward has done a big thing in purchasing the land of walruses. How happened Mr. Berry to keep this precious information from the public for five years? Is he a goose-Berry.

—A kindly disposed gentleman in Dorchester, a few days since, gave a party of an advanced age in that town to a strawberry party at his house, and sent round to the residence of each a carriage for their convenience. Nine ean widows accepted this invitation. Odd times were talked over, and the merits and demerits of the past related. The oldest lady present, is a sister of the late Dr. Pierce, of Brookline, is ninety-five years of age; another is ninety; and the average of the whole number was about seventy-eight. Each lady was presented with a bouquet of flowers upon her departure by their host.

—At Hudson, Lenawee county, Mich., July 17th, Miss Azoa Phelps, a young lady of eighteen daughter of Mr. Edwin Phelps, on her way to the district school with a number of her schoolmates, met with a neighbor's daughter, took a scythe on a reaper which was in operation in a field adjoining the road, to ride around once or twice for amusement. The horses became frightened and ran away with the reaper, throwing the Phelps on the knives, cutting her left hand completely off and terribly mangling her limbs and body. It is probable that her injuries are fatal. The other girl was not seriously injured.

—The Cassville Missouri *Republican*, of the 17th instant, says a little daughter of a Mr. Martin, of Barry county, only eight years old, deliberately shot and killed a brother of four years. She said she killed him "because he pulled her flowers," and declared "if there were a dozen pulled any more of them, she would shoot them too." Mr. Martin, on hearing the pistol shot, went to his house and found the infant murderess, besmeared with blood, dragging her mangled brother from the room into the yard. A physician who was called in to extract the ball, intimates that the girl was insane. The affair occurred on the 4th instant.

—A French journal tells an anecdote of the fidelity of a porter to his charge. The Empress Eugenie recently presented herself at the Isthmus of Suez gates of the Exhibition, before the hour of opening. The porter refused to admit her Majesty, although she named M. de Lesseps as her friend. "Ah! they all say that," retorted the gate-keeper. The Empress insisted that the great canal-maker would instantly admit her were he there, but could not prevail. She then played her last card—"But if I were to tell you that I am the Empress?" "I should not believe you," was the rejoinder. A lady of honor, however, at length convinced the porter that the applicant was the Empress; and then the gate opened. Some officious person proposed to dismiss the faithful man, but the Empress intervened and saved him.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ENGLAND.

SUSPECTED FENIANS—CONVICTION OF HIGH TREASON.

LONDON, June 27.—The names of the persons recently arrested at Cork on suspicion of being Fenians, are Callaghan, Griffin and Gould. Reilly, who has been on trial for some time, charged with complicity in the recent outbreak in Kerry, was found guilty of high treason.

JAPAN.

AMERICAN SHIP LIBELLED.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening.*—Late Japanese advices received at Hong Kong, report that the American ship Anna Kimball, Capt. Williams, had arrived at Noyasok, Japan, with a cargo of rice, which it was alleged she had taken from a port of China which had not been opened to foreign trade by any treaty stipulations. The facts having been reported to the commander of the United States squadron, she was by his orders seized and heavily libeled for an infraction of the treaty made between the Chinese Government and the United States.

AUSTRIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE SULTAN.

VIENNA, July 27.—The Sultan arrived here from Englan'l, and is the guest of the Emperor, Francis Joseph.

FRANCE AND THE TREATY OF PRAGUE.

The official journal says it is right and to the interest of the Emperor Napoleon to enforce the treaty of Prague.

The same paper says that the Czar has sent a note to King William of Prussia to the foreseeing effect.

GREECE.

EX-KING OTHO DEAD.

LONDON, July 27.—A dispatch from Munich announces the death of ex-King Otho, of Greece, of measles.

FRANCE.

EMPRESS EUGENIE VISITS AN AMERICAN WAR STEAMER.

CHERBOURG, July 28.—The Empress Eugenie yesterday visited the United States steamer Colorado, now lying in this harbor, and was received with all the honors befitting her exalted rank. At her approach salutes were fired, the yards manned and the vessel was gaily decked with colors. Other vessels of the American squadron, all the French Men-of-War, and all the shipping in the harbor, were profusely decorated with bunting. The Empress was received by the Captain of the Colorado and his officers and conducted through the various parts of the ship. At the conclusion of the inspection her Imperial Majesty expressed herself highly pleased with the appearance of the ship, and gratified with the warmth of her reception. She departed amidst the enthusiastic cheers of the sailors, who manned the yards and a parting salute from the great guns of the barque.

ROYAL DINNER TO ADMIRAL FARRAGUT.

PARIS, July 28.—On Saturday evening Admiral Farragut was received at a State dinner by the Emperor Napoleon. The dinner was especially given by the Emperor in honor of the American Admiral. The French Minister of Marine and others, members of the Imperial Cabinet, and the embassador of the United States, General Dix, were among the invited guests.

A STATEMENT OFFICIALLY DENIED.

The *Moniteur* positively denies the truth of the statement that the Emperor Napoleon has written to the King of Prussia urging him to surrender the Danish Districts of northern Schleswig to Denmark.

RUSSIA.

AFRICAN POSSESSIONS.

ST. PETERSBURGH, July 28.—The Emperor has issued a decree by which the whole territory lately conquered by the Russian forces in Central Africa, is constituted one government, under command of General Kaufmann.

FRANKFORT, July 28.—*Evening.*—United States bonds are stronger to-day and quoted at 77¾ for 'eas.

LONDON, July 28.—*Evening.*—There has been but little rain in England within the last week. Weather dry.

PRUSSIA.

NORTH SCHLESWIG—FEELING AGAINST NAPOLEON.

BERLIN, July 28.—*Evening.*—Notwithstanding the official denial of the *Moniteur* of the Napoleon note to the King of Prussia in regard to Schleswig, the semi-official journals of Berlin continue to urge King William to repel the intrusion of the French Emperor in the political affairs of Germany.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening.*—Consols 93¼@93¾. Erie, 40; Illinois Central, 76¾@77. U. S. 5-20's, 72¾.

FRANKFORT, July 27.—*Evening.*—Consols 93½@93¾.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—*Evening.*—Cotton closed firmer and with less active business; sales of 10,000 bales, including uplands at 10½; Orleans 10¾. Breadstuffs—Corn 35s 9d. New Wheat, 10s 11d for white California. Pease 38s. Barley 37s. Pork 77s. Lard advanced to 62s 9d. Provisions generally unchanged. Petroleum spirits, 9d; refined is 9½d. Tallow 45s 6d.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening.*—Markets unchanged.

LONDON, July 27.—*Afternoon.*—Consols closed at 93½@93¾. Erie, 40; Illinois Central, 76¾@77. Five-20's, 72¾.

FRANKFORT, July 27.—*Evening.*—United States bonds closed at 76½.

FROM MEXICO.

Catholic Church Persecuted by the Liberals—Arrest of Bishops, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, July 28.—The Havana *Herusso* says the Liberal authorities of the City of Mexico are persecuting the Catholic Church, having stripped the cathedral of all ornaments, and silver ware, and arrested the Bishop of Jalapa, the Abbott of Guadaloupe, and Dr. Arrillaga, Superior of the Jesuits, and placed them in close confinement. The latter two were each over eighty years of age. The charge against the Bishop of Jalapa is that he acted as alternate for the Bishops of Mexico in the Council of Regency, and that against the Abbott that he took part in the collection of the assembly of notables. It is also stated that the famous chapel of the Rosary has been levelled by the Liberals.

National Bank Failures.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, July 27.—The liabilities of the suspended Unadilla Bank are estimated at $200,000. It was chartered about twelve years ago, under the old safety fund law of the State, and subsequently came under the free banking law, with a capital of $150 000, and power to increase to $250,000. Its officers were: Arnold H. Watson, President; Clark J. Hayes, Cashier. The President, it is said, owned $100,000 of the capital, and the balance was in the hands of the Cashier and some relatives at Albany. It is reported the assets of the bank will not go far towards meeting its liabilities. The redemption agency is said to be the house of Watson & Co., leather dealers, Albany. The *Herald* says last night the failure of Watson was unexpected with the Bank, together with wild and unprofitable speculations in produce and mining stocks, contributed to its overthrow.

A Boston dispatch says the receiver to the Newton National Bank has collected the liabilities and forwarded the amount to Washington. The discount notes amounted to about $110,000, of which nearly $90,000 has been collected. Of the balance $10,000 is considered good, and the rest is doubtful or bad, including $2,500 forged paper of Wm. H. Lane. The individuals having claims of bad, include a poor man made rich on a boat race which took place in England on the

The Pittsburgh Gazette

MONDAY, JULY 29, 1867.

WE ASK ATTENTION to the Address of the Union State Central Committee, which will be found in another column. It sets forth clearly and ably the issues presented this year for decision by the people.

THE NOMINATION OF GEN. GRANT.

The formal presentation of General GRANT as the Republican candidate for President, by the "Union Republican Committee" of the city of New York, has seriously disturbed the composure of the democratic managers and journals. It was from a knowledge that such a movement was in contemplation that Mr. S. S. Cox, formerly a distinguished member of Congress from Ohio, and now happily conjoining the practice of law and politics in the commercial metropolis, hastened to Washington to make the experiment of fascinating the General with a tender of the democratic nomination. It so fell out that the General, in the proper discharge of his official duties, had occasion, at that particular conjuncture, to issue an order to the commander of one of the Southern military districts, that proved a virtual extinguisher upon all hopes of success the envoy extraordinary of the democratic party previously indulged. The order proved conclusively, and in a practicable and undeniable way, that the convictions and purposes of the General were in direct antagonism with those of the democrats, and that he could be expected to co-operate only with the majority in Congress, and the supporters of that majority throughout the country. Nor is this all. The order in question is in perfect harmony with the views of most, if not all the officers of high rank in the army. The General may, therefore, be taken as a fair exponent and representative of the loyal masses of the population of the United States.

Another point is deserving of consideration. While no man questions the bravery, tenacity and skill of General GRANT as a military commander, it is cheerfully conceded by the rebels that in the hour of triumph he exemplified a genuine and superabounding magnanimity. Resolved to crush the Rebellion, he evinced no disposition to crush every rebel. Herein he displayed not only the nobleness of his own nature, but a comprehension of the best principles of Statesmanship, as applicable to the case with which he was called to deal. Recognizing the leadership of such a man will go far towards reconciling the people of the revolted States to prolonged Republican ascendency; because it conveys the assurance that while the integrity of the Union will be preserved at all hazards, and while the right of the defenders of the Union to impose conditions of reconstruction will be strenuously adhered to, no terms will be exacted under the inspiration of revenge, but only such as the future repose and progress of the whole country imperatively demand.

That the democrats seriously conceived the project of nominating General GRANT may be taken both as a admission of conscious weakness and a confession of unpardonable duplicity. Between him and them there is nothing in common. They resisted all the efforts the government to put down the rebellion, because they shared fully in the animus out of which the rebellion grew. He grandly executed the purpose of the government, because it was his own, to make the rebels succumb and submit to the rightful authority of the nation. Since the rebellion has proved a failure, the democrats have devoted their best energies to contriving, how many of the just fruits of victory could nevertheless be emptied into its lap; while the General has been intent on demonstrating how the triumph of the nations armies could most efficiently be made to conduce to order, to unity, to amelioration, to happiness, and to prosperity, in all sections of the common country. That the democrats should thus propose to take for a leader one whose conduct they at heart contemn and whose motives they do not share, may properly be regarded as a fantastic exhibition of the way in which baffled ambition will sometimes proclaim its weakness in vain attempts to clutch authority.

For our own part, we do not attach special significance to this nomination of Gen. GRANT. It is, at least, questionable whether he would leave the permanent position he now occupies, for one necessarily temporary. Besides, when the Republicans really make up their minds to take him for their candidate they will signify their purpose in a manner so emphatic as not to be misinterpreted.

TELEGRAPH COMPANIES.

It was mentioned in these columns, some days ago, that the Supreme Court of Michigan had made an important decision in regard to the liabilities of a Telegraph Company. The original action was brought to recover damages for the erroneous transmission of an order for oysters from Detroit to Baltimore. The plaintiff wrote his message on a blank furnished by the Company. On the back of this blank were printed "conditions" on which the Company agreed to send messages. One of these limited liability to such dispatches as should be repeated back to the office from which sent, at the cost of the sender. Another, limited the liability on repeated dispatches to two hundred times the charge for sending the particular message. On the face of the blank was printed a request to send the message without repeating, subject to above conditions and agreement on the back." The blank was so arranged that in signing a message, the writer actually signed this request and contract.

The Court below held that Telegraph Companies were common carriers, and could not limit their responsibilities by any such contrivance; that writers of dispatches could not reasonably be expected to notice conditions imposed in this way, could not be trapped into contracts after this fashion; and that if their attention was actually called to this printed form they could not be concluded thereby.

The Supreme Court overruled the Court below on all points; declaring that Telegraph Companies are not common carriers; that they can limit their liability for erroneous transmission, either in the form above specified, or in any other; and that writers of messages on blanks which embody contracts are holden, whether their attention is called to it or not.

We do not believe this decision to be just; but as long as the Courts so rule, business men must take measures accordingly.

If to ensure accuracy it is essential that messages should be repeated back, then repetition should be made the general rule, in all blanks used by Telegraph Companies, charges being made to match. If persons prefer to take the risk of inaccuracies themselves, rather than pay the extra compensation, that should only be allowed by special agreement. As the case stands, comparatively few messages are sent for which the Companies transmitting them have any responsibility whatever. This is altogether wrong, and ought not to be endured by business men. Telegraphing is profitable beyond the measure of ordinary pursuits, even at the current rates. There are no reasons of equity, as between man and man, or of public policy, why Telegraph Companies should be allowed to divest themselves of accountability for doing well whatever they undertake to do.

MR. JOSEPH HANCE, of Easton, Pa., accompanies Hon. Geo. Bancroft, as his private Secretary, to Prussia.

ADDRESS OF THE UNION REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

COMMITTEE ROOMS, HARRISBURG, July 27, 1867.

To the People of Pennsylvania:

Fellow Citizens:—The official term of Geo. W. Woodward, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State is about to expire; and under the Constitution his successor will be elected on the second Tuesday of October next. This election is every way important, and the more so, because of the great principles and issues involved, and of the fact that the term is for fifteen years.

All the powers of our Governments, both National and State, are divided into three classes: the Legislative, Executive and Judicial. The people are the source of all power; and our Constitutions provide the manner in which all offices shall be filled, and the terms for which they shall be held. The National Judiciary being for life, and that of the State Judiciary fifteen years; changes in these tribunals are wrought more slowly than in the other branches of the Government; and hence should be made with the greater caution and wisdom; for nothing is of greater public importance than a wise and patriotic Judiciary. Our past history shows a constant tendency in these several departments to enlarge their respective jurisdictions, and occasionally to encroach on each other; and especially is this true of the judiciary. It is but recently the Supreme Court of the United States, in the interests of slavery, gravely undertook to overturn the foundations of the Government on that question, and to nullify and destroy acts of Congress enacted by the men who made the Constitution. The Dred Scott decision virtually legalized and extended slavery over all the Territories of the Union, in defiance of Congress and the people; and laid down principles, which, but for subsequent events, would have extended slavery and made it lawful in all the States. And after the result—civil war was inaugurated, our State judiciary, by a denial of the constitutional powers of Congress and of our State Legislature, in measures absolutely necessary to carry on the war and save the nation, so imperiled our cause as to make intelligent patriots everywhere tremble for the issue of the contest. True, these false theories did not prevail. But it is equally true the continued assertion of them paralyzed the arms of both the National and State Governments, distracted and disheartened our people, gave aid and comfort to the enemy, prolonged the war, and added immeasurably to our sacrifices of blood and treasure. Hence it is, "That warned by past misfortunes, we ask that the Supreme Court of the State be placed in harmony with the political opinions of the majority of the people, to the end that the Court may never again, by unjust decisions seek to set aside laws vital to the nation."

Who, then, are HENRY W. WILLIAMS and GEORGE SHARSWOOD, the candidates for this vacant seat upon the Supreme bench? What are their past records, and where do they stand, in these eventful times, and on these momentous issues? The weal or woe of the Commonwealth, and perhaps of the nation, is involved in these questions; and it behooves every patriotic voter in the State to examine them with care.

Of Judge Williams, the Union Republican candidate, we here propose to give no extended biography. He is a high-toned Christian gentleman, about forty-six years of age, a ripe scholar, and a learned and eminent lawyer, with fifteen years' judicial experience, on the bench of the District Court of Allegheny county. He was first elected judge in 1851, when he ran over one thousand votes ahead of his ticket, and was re-elected in 1861, by the unanimous vote of all parties. The following extract from an editorial in the Pittsburgh *Post*, (the principal Democratic paper of the West,) shows the estimation in which he is held by political adversaries:

"The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. *He was the best man named before the Republican Convention*, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated."

He is of the Webster and Clay school of politics, and during the recent civil war, from the beginning to the end, did everything in his power, through his means, his voice, and his votes, to strengthen the hands and encourage the hearts of the loyal people in the struggle to maintain the Union.

Who, and what Judge Sharswood is, as a public man, will appear from what follows:

Early in the history of this nation political sentiment became divided on the powers of the National and State governments, and their true relations to each other. On these divisions two great parties were subsequently founded. The one, known as the State Rights party, had John C. Calhoun for its recognized champion; and the other, for its recognized leader, had the great expounder of the Constitution, Daniel Webster. The former held free trade, and the right of nullification and secession as cardinal doctrines, denying the constitutional power of Congress to impose duties for protection, and claiming nullification and secession as inherent rights of a State. The latter denied these assumptions, and between these conflicting principles and parties there has been perpetual warfare. In the main, the old Whig party ranged itself under the banner of Webster, and the Democratic party under that of Calhoun. One of the legitimate fruits of the States Rights doctrine was the rebellion of 1833, in South Carolina; the avowed object of which was to nullify the protective tariff of Congress, enacted in 1832. The country at that time was saved from a disastrous civil war by the firmness of President Jackson, the wisdom of Congress, and the patriotism of General Scott. That effort at rebellion and civil war failed; and the principle on which it was based was repudiated. But in 1860 and 1861 South Carolina, and other rebel States, again endeavored to put in force their States Rights doctrine of secession. The sympathy, imbecility, and connivance of President Buchanan, and his advisers, so contributed to the success of the effort, that its consummation could only be prevented by a long, desperate, and bloody civil war. In the end, and after fearful sacrifices of life and treasure, the rights and power of the National Government were again vindicated, and the Calhoun doctrine of secession was again overthrown. Such at least has been the popular conviction, and cause for rejoicing; and even the worst of Southern rebels have been compelled to confess it, and for two years past have been weeping over their "lost cause." Strange, sad, and incredible as it may seem, we are already called upon to fight these great issues over again! The Democratic party, with Judge Sharswood for its leader, and with Free Trade, State Rights and Secession upon its banner, is again marshaling its hosts, and now summoning us to the field of political conflict, on the same issues! That party at their National Conventions in 1856 and 1860, re-adopted what are known as the Virginia and Kentucky resolutions of 1798 and 1799, as part of their platforms. These resolutions are known as the embodiment of the old State rights and Calhoun doctrines. They do not regard the relations of the States or people thereof to the United States as constituting a *government*, in the ordinary and proper sense of the term, but declare them to be merely a *compact*, and that "*as in all other cases of compact among parties having no common judge, each party has an equal right to judge for itself, as well of infractions, as of the mode and measure of redress.*"

Under this free democratic charter for rebellion, the lawful election of Abraham Lincoln as President of the United States was claimed by the people of the rebel States as an "infraction" of the "compact;" and they chose secession and civil war as the "*mode*," and the destruction of the Union and State independence as "*the measures of redress.*" The democratic party, at its last National Convention, proclaimed the war a failure; and it has now put into the field a life-long Free Trade and State Rights candidate, whom Judge Black endorses as one who "will stand by the Constitution and give pure law"—viz: who will stand by the Constitution as the State Rights party construe it, and give us such "pure law" as Judge Black has given President Buchanan and Andrew Johnson.

Judge Sharswood and his party friends have not only denied the lawful power of the National Government to coerce a rebellious State, to make and enforce a draft, to make paper money a legal tender, to emancipate and arm negroes, to punish rebels and traitors by disfranchisement, to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus* in time of rebellion, or to arrest and try offenders in time of war by court-martial; but they hold that all these things, though actually done, were illegally and wrongfully done, *and therefore settled nothing!* Or, as the Democratic organ (the *Philadelphia Age*), in a recent elaborate editorial on the Republican State platform, thus expresses the same idea: "We put it to the sober thoughts of the people of Pennsylvania, whether they would not have all those grave pending questions decided according to law, and not according to war, JUST, IN FACT, AS THEY WOULD HAVE BEEN DECIDED HAD THEY ARISEN EIGHT YEARS AGO, OR HAD NO WAR TAKEN PLACE."

Is, then, the "lost cause" not lost? Has the late dreadful war decided nothing? Is the right of secession an open question? Has slavery not been abolished? Are not the four millions of bondsmen free? Has our national debt no legal existence? Have the victors no power over the vanquished? Have the rebel States and people lost no rights by rebellion? Have our sacrifices of blood and treasure been all made in vain? Fellow citizens, weigh well these solemn questions, and answer them at the ballot box on the second Tuesday of October next.

Having concluded to reserve for a future occasion some remarks on party organization, and other topics, this address might here properly close. But, it may be asked by some, is Judge Sharswood, indeed, the political heretic herein set forth? "A man is known by the company he keeps," says the old adage. We have the right to assume, and have assumed, that the Judge is of the same political faith as his party, and the public will hold him responsible for all the guilty acts and omissions of his party. There can be no mistaking the true purport of the man who recently delivered an elaborate opinion denying the constitutional power of Congress to make paper money a legal tender. (*See the case of Borie vs. Trott, Legal Intelligencer of March 18, 1864, page 92.*) And when we go in her back, and examine his early history, we find ample justification for all we have written, and more. So long ago as April, 1834, he appeared as "Tim Indor of the Day," at a meeting of a States' Right Association, in Philadelphia. We here copy some of the proceedings of that interesting convocation from the *'The Examiner and Journal of Political Economy, Devoted to the Advancement of the Cause of State Rights and Free Trade' Vol.*, 1, *page* 309.

The orator on that occasion delivered a long and carefully prepared vindication and eulogy of the State Rights Virginia and Kentucky resolutions, herein before cited; and summed up his elaborate endorsements thereof as follows:

"*We come back to our starting place, and finding nothing in the Constitution establishing any final judge of the enumerated powers, prohibitions, and reserved rights, it must rest upon the admitted principles of general law, in cases of compact between parties having no common superior.* EACH STATE HAS THE RIGHT TO JUDGE FOR ITSELF OF THE INFRACTIONS OF THE COMPACT, AND TO CHOOSE FOR ITSELF THE MOST PROPER AND EFFICIENT REMEDIES."

The better to exhibit still further, if possible, the true character of that meeting and its distinguished orator, the following toasts are copied from the proceedings. (*Same vol*, p. 312.)

TOAST: "John C. Calhoun—The first to throw himself into the breach against Federal usurpation. *May he live to see his principles predominant throughout the world.*"

TOAST: "*The Patriots, otherwise called Nullifiers of South Carolina*—their memories will be cherished when the advocates of the Force Bill are forgotten, or remembered with execration."

TOAST: *The State of South Carolina—as her principles are cherished, we need not fear usurpation*, either in the Legislature, Judicial, or Executive departments of the Government."

The Hon. John C. Calhoun was among those invited to this meeting by Judge Sharswood and others; but declined in a published letter of sympathy.

We thus submit, as briefly as possible, the record of the democratic candidate, and of the party which placed him in nomination. We feel that no added comments could do justice to the subject; and only ask you, fellow-citizens, to examine the whole record with care, and under a sense of your solemn responsibilities to your country, render your verdict at the ensuing election.

By order of the Committee,

F. JORDAN, Chairman.

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, J. ROMEYN DUNGLISON, } Sec'ys.

The New Crops Coming.

The glorious weather of the past two months is beginning to be felt in commercial circles in the receipts of grain from the crop of 1867. This is, however, but a foretaste of what we may expect during the next three or four months. Yesterday, twenty-three carloads of new red winter wheat were received in this market, and four car loads of new spring wheat were sold on 'Change. New rye was also received in market, and sales were made of No. 1 at 90c—a decline within twenty four hours of 25c per bushel.

Within a few weeks, if Providence continues to smile on us, the receipts of Western produce will have stimulated trade and commerce to an extent beyond the most sanguine expectations.—*Chicago Republican.*

CHOLERA! CHOLERA!

With the most certain advent of Cholera, no household or person will be unprepared for it. Science, and experience has demonstrated to be the most certain remedy—that which has cured thousands and can cure thousands more—a safe and untried article, when an OLD AND RELIABLE ARTICLE can be had. When the cholera visited us on two former occasions, it was found by experience that

FLEMING'S CHOLERA MIXTURE

Was the best, and superseded all others, therefore it stands to reason that, if you would have an article that you can depend on, you should purchase it to the exclusion of all others.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,

Corner Diamond and Market Street.

jy29:mwfw

RESTORES GRAY or FADED HAIR, and as a dressing is exquisite. Stops hair from falling, cures Dandruff, Headache and all Eruptive Diseases of the Scalp.

The Most Perfect Hair Restorer		
London	Ever	Hair Color Restorer!
London	Introduced.	Hair Color Restorer!
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London	with	Hair Color Restorer!
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London	New Hair.	Hair Color Restorer!

Only 75 cents a bottle, half dozen $4. Address letter or WAFER & FOX, Pittsburgh. Sold by McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, GEO. A. KELLY, JOS. FLEMING, A. TORRENCE, R. E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh; KANE & DEVITT, Allegheny.

jy29:mwfw

GIVE NATURE A LIFT.

People expect too much of Nature. They trifle with their health and their constitutions, and then are surprised that they fall sick. The pressure of constant mental or bodily labor, upon the animal powers, is tremendous. Very few systems and constitutions can bear up against this pressure unassisted. Add to this the unhealthy atmosphere in which we live, the air we breathe, the water we drink, the latitude produced at this season by the change from the rigor of winter to the warmth of spring, and it would seem to require almost superhuman vigor to keep in perfect health without resorting to the various stimulants. But how reinforce them? Certainly not with adulterated stimulants. There is no poison in the outer air, or in the atmosphere of furnace-heated rooms, or in the water, so pernicious as those deadly-burning fluids. Why use them, when

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

a vegetable tonic without alcohol, are everywhere obtainable? Nothing has ever been offered to the feeble and debilitate so harmless in its nature, so powerful in its invigorating effects, as this celebrated STOMACHIC AND ALTERATIVE. In the army and the navy, in new settlements, and in crowded cities, old and young, rich and poor, it is used as a PREVENTIVE AND RESTORATIVE MEDICINE, with most gratifying results.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER:—I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone" on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten on my lungs. I knew that the popular mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would probably throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with soundness and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, J—— C——.

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 120 Penn street, from 7 A. M. until 4 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is co-authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds on short risk, Bank and Real Estate Securities, Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

FOR SALE,

LEASE OF BOX FACTORY,

With Machinery, Fixtures, &c. Will be sold cheap. For further particulars enquire at No. 953 PENN STREET, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, Penna.

jy29:83

HILLDALE CEMETERY.

All business with the Corporation of Hilldale Cemetery, of date ante for to FIRST OF APRIL, 1867, and remaining unsettled, will be attended to at my office, No. 19 IRWIN ST., second floor.

JOHN SEMPLE.

jy15:d&1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FIRST GRAND ANNUAL PICNIC.

OF ST. THOMAS' CHURCH, BRADDOCK'S FIELD, to be held at GLENWOOD GROVE, WEDNESDAY, July 31st. Regular trains leave P. ft. W. & C. R. R. depot, Pittsburgh, for the grounds at 9 o'clock a. m.; regular trains at 11 a. m. and 2 p. m. Excursion train leaves the Pleasant grounds for Pittsburgh at 7 o'clock p. m. Good music will be in attendance, and all are cordially invited to attend.

jy29:r3

PERRY BONHAM,

PUMP MAKER,

And manufacturer of all kinds of WOODEN TUBING, No. 33 THIRD STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.

N. B.—Special attention given to the manufacture of LOG PUMPS. jy29:r76

FOR SALE—BOILERS.—4 OUR SIZE ONE-AND-A-HALF BOILERS, 42 inches in diameter, 24 feet long, with 3 inch Steam Dome, 30 inches in diameter, 30 inches in diameter, stand pipe 14 inches in diameter, No. 3 iron, with 3 feet steel plate, safety valve, steam and check and blow off valve complete. Enquire of

AM. BAGSHAW & CO.,

jy29:r79 No. 26 Penn street.

FOR SALE.

Store and Dwelling House,

A well known business stand on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Terms easy. Will be rented if not sold. Apply to

R. ROBINSON & CO.,

jy29:r70 75 Liberty street.

NOTICE.—PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—THE MORTGAGE TUBULE CHECK DIVIDEND CONSTRUCTION BONDS—holders are hereby notified that the Interest Coupons on the above bonds, due August 1st, 1867, will be paid on and after that date, in presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JNO. H. PAGE, Jr.,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 25th, 1867. jy29:r68

ICE FOR SALE.

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

From the head waters of the Conemaugh River, by the car load, delivered in Pittsburgh.

Inquire of H. SWANEY & CO.,

Oil Dealers,

jy29:r69 Cor. of Penn and Hand streets.

WHITE BAREGE SHAWLS,

White Grenadine Shawls,

FOR SALE BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

jy29

AN OPENING FOR BUSINESS is offered by the proprietor of a manufacturing establishment now in successful operation in this city. The proprietor will give satisfactory reasons for wishing to sell, and will, if desired, retain an interest in the concern.

Capital required about $10,000.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

jy29 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

S. S. BRYAN,

BROKER IN

BONDS, STOCKS,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Apollo Building, Fourth Street.

Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages bought and sold. 1-29

BANKRUPT BLANKS.

I am now printing, and will have ready for sale in a few days, complete sets of

BANKRUPT BLANKS,

For the use of Attorneys and Registers, prepared strictly in compliance with the OFFICIAL RULES PROMULGATED BY HIS HONOR, WILSON MCCANDLESS, U. S. District Judge.

Orders by mail promptly filled.

W. S. HAVEN,

Corner Wood and Third Sts.

jy29:r61

THE OLD, ORIGINAL

TEA STORE!

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

Young Hyson,
Old Hyson,
Imperial,
Gunpowder,
Eng. Breakfast,
Congos,
Souchong,
Oolong,
Old Country Black,
And Japan

TEAS,

ALL OF THE BEST QUALITY.

No. 20 Fifth Street.

jy29:r

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between O'HARA & ROBINSON is this day dissolved. Persons having claims against the said firm and those indebted to the same, will present their accounts at No. 6 Smithfield street, for the adjustment of the same.

O'HARA & ROBINSON,
M. O'HARA.

PITTSBURGH, July 25, 1867.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to purchase any of the goods, wares, merchandise, or material belonging to the late firm of O'HARA & ROBINSON, without my individual signature is attached to each and every bill of sale of said goods, wares, merchandise or material, as I will repudiate each and every sale not made in accordance with this notice.

MICHAEL O'HARA.

PITTSBURGH, July 24, 18 7. jy26:c61

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,

No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW BIGGS the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety Goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first-class stock of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and Sporting Goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK, Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Stencils and Stamps, and all marking Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. H. BOWS, Manager.

SHEPHARD'S

CRACKERS

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AMERICAN WATCHES.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Fine Gold and Silver Watches,

FINE GOLD JEWELRY,

SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, &c.,

At the lowest prices. The public are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Watch repairing promptly attended to, at

W. WILSON'S,

No. 54 FOURTH STREET,

Two doors above Market street. ch4:mwfw

BUSINESS MAN'S

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

Nos. 6 and 8 St. Clair Street.

Has a Perpetual Charter.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, time unlimited $40 00

Arithmetic and Penmanship per quarter of three months 20 00

Penmanship, per month 8 00

For Circulars or Specimens, address

N. SHAFFER, or

no6:mwfw J. F. McCLAYMONDS.

PITTSBURGH

CITY LAUNDRY.

All kinds of washing done with promptness and dispatch. The Laundry Express will call for and deliver all clothes free of extra charge. Leave orders before ten o'clock in the morning to have them attended to same day. Orders left at the following places will be promptly attended to:

Jos. Abel, cor. Fifth and Grant sts.
Goldstein's Hoop Skirt store, 65 Market st.
Cool & Clancy, cor. Federal & Ohio, Alleghy.
Vanam & Hoag, 77 Ohio street.
R. M. & N. J. snodgrass, corner Federal and Lacock streets, Allegheny.

Office, No. 4 ST. CLAIR ST.

jy17:mwf

BOTTLED ALES.

KENNETT, WINTERTON,

And all best brands of ALES AND SODA WATERS, bottled by

J. C. BUFFUM & CO.,

23 AND 24 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh.

mh18:v24-mwf

$15,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

G. M. PETTY,

No. 69 Smithfield Street.

Real Estate bought and sold. ap24

NOTICE.—Parties knowing themselves indebted to

DR. JOHN HUTCHINSON,

will call and settle their accounts before the first of September and save costs, as all unpaid bills will then be left in the hands of an Attorney for collection. DR. JOHN HUTCHINSON.

Hilldale Cemetery, July 23d, 1867. jy29:d3&1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF

BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.

A NEW LOT, VERY CHEAP, OF

MALTESE LACE COLLARS AND HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.

SUPER ENGLISH TRIMMING RIBBONS.

HAMBURG EDGINGS, new Styles.

FRENCH CORSETS, new shapes.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX SKIRTS, new shape.

We have just opened a superior lot of

Ladies' Promenade Satchels, and Gents' Traveling Bags,

Of the best quality and most popular styles. We invite special attention to our new lot of

English Cloth Hosiery and English and French Made

GLOVES.

The "Star" Shirt,

And all kinds of FURNISHING GOODS, at LOW PRICES.

Merchants and Peddlers supplied at Low Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

jy29

SELLING OFF AT COST!

$20,000 WORTH OF

DRY GOODS.

Having opened a new DRY GOODS, HOSIERY, NOTION AND CARPET STORE, at No. 164 OHIO STREET, corner of the Commons, Allegheny City, I have resolved to sell out the whole stock of DRY GOODS at

No. 164 Ohio Street,

AT COST!

The sale will commence on

Monday, July 29th,

and will keep on for EIGHT DAYS ONLY. All goods left unsold after that time will be removed to the New Store, No. 146 Ohio street.

Great Bargains will be Offered!

The stock is nearly all new; the store has only been opened a few days, and as a consequence there can be no old goods. They consist of the latest and best styles of

Prints, Dress Goods, Cassimeres,

SHAWLS, and DRY GOODS generally.

FOR EIGHT DAYS ONLY—BEAR IN MIND,

At No. 164 Ohio Street.

Wholesale Buyers will find the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THE WORLD!

S. C. HESS.

jy29:mwfw

KELLEY'S WEEKLY,

An Illustrated Journal for the People.

We will issue on the 9th of August, 1867, a paper of sixteen pages, the size of Harper's Weekly. No expense will be spared in making it one of the best literary papers published in the country. Some of the most distinguished writers of America and Europe have been engaged to contribute to its columns. The originality and brilliancy of its literature will render the paper a welcome companion in every home.

ON SATURDAY, 17 AUGUST, 1867,

We will distribute TEN A MILLION DOLLARS of the profits, in shares, (including one Hundred Thousand Dollars in Greenbacks, Bonds, &c.,) among those who subscribe.

ONE SHARE RETURNED TO EVERY SUBSCRIBER.

One share cash	$50,000
One share cash	10,000
One share cash	5,000
One share cash	2,500
One share cash	1,000
Five shares each, $500 each	2,500
Ten shares each, $100 each	1,000
1,500 shares cash, $10 each	15,000
And the balance, comprising sewing Machines, Pianos, Melodeons, Gold and silver Watches, Sets of Diamonds, Diamond Rings, Photographic Albums, &c., &c., in Pictures, Silver, Opera Glasses, Works of Art, Jewelry, and other articles, amounting to $50 00.	

As a premium to induce subscriptions to be forwarded by subscribers, with 10 a Public Ball distribute on Saturday, August 10, 1867, to new subscribers, and to be published in Kelley's Weekly and sent to all subscribers.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

One copy, 26 numbers, one year, with two chances of shares $2 00

One copy, 13 numbers, six months, with number of shares $1 00

Specimen numbers sent free. Remit in money or postage stamps at our risk. Address all communications to

A. A. KELLEY & CO.,

jy2 d62 No. 601 Broadway, New York.

GRAND

Pleasure Excursions,

TO LAKE SUPERIOR.

The fine new side-wheel Passenger steamer

NORTHWEST.....CAPT. BEN. WILKINS,

Will leave Cleveland for the North and South shores of Lake Superior as follows:

TUESDAY	JULY 2.
FRIDAY	JULY 19.
THURSDAY	JULY 25.
THURSDAY	AUGUST 8.
And THURSDAY	AUGUST 22.

The above steamer is entirely new, over 1,000 tons burthen; is the largest and best fitted for ladies and families on the Lakes.

For further information apply to

WM. BINGHAM, JR.,

Adams Express Office,

jy27:s30:mwf No. 54 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF

GENTS', BOYS', YOUTHS',

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS, SHOES,

AND GAITERS,

In great variety, and selling at reasonable price, at

31 FIFTH STREET.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

LADIES' ENGLISH LASTING

CONGRESS GAITERS,

AND BALMORALS,

Worth $3, selling at $1.50, at

31 FIFTH STREET.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

jy27:mwf

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—THE firm of BAILIFF, BROWN & CO. is this day dissolved by limitation and mutual consent, JOHN R. WATSON disposing of his interest to the remaining part ers. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said firm will please call and make immediate payment, and all persons having claims will present the same to JOHN S. WATSON, at our office, 55 Federal street, he being authorized to settle all accounts.

Allegheny City, July 1st, '67. jy29 c59

BAILIFF, BROWN & CARSON,

PLUMBERS,

Gas and Steam Fitters.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

Water, Gas & Steam Pipes.

No. 55 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

jy29:r56

COMPRESSED

BUNGS.

ARMSTRONG, BRO. & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MACHINE CUT CORKS,

Flugs, Taps, Irish Moss, Pitch,

ROSIN, ISINGLASS, &c., &c.,

Nos. 122 & 125 Third St., Pittsburgh.

H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

Brand--"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully announce that they have formed a Copartnership for the transaction of a general DRY GOODS BUSINESS, at No. 92 MARKET STREET, under the name and style of

G. SCHLEITER & CO.

G. SCHLEITER.....G. G. BACKOFEN.

Pittsburgh, July 22th, 1867. jy25:r65

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SALE—All the PRESSES, MOULDS, and other valuable tools formerly used by the Missouri Glass Company, St. Louis, Mo.

For full particulars address WALLACE & WALKER, 320 S. Third St., St. Louis.

jy19:c11

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—The best Farm in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing about 200 acres, situated six miles south of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Bolivar station. The improvements are a well finished log house, with nine rooms, a good new frame stable, 60x70, with best of stabling. Two apple and one peach orchard. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation; the fencing is all No. 1; the soil is good, and is well watered; about 100 acres cleared, the remainder in good white oak timber. This property is offered at the low price of fifty dollars per acre. Possession immediately.

Also, a valuable Garden Farm, containing 30 acres, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghiogheny river, and near Boyd's station, on the Connellsville Railroad, about nineteen miles from the city. The improvements are a two-story brick house with six rooms, hall running through the house, with cellar; a new No. 1 barn and other outbuildings. Abundance of the best fruits, of all varieties. Coal, timber, schools and mills very convenient. Persons wishing to engage in gardening would do well to call and purchase quickly.

Also, a Farm of 80 acres, situated in West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Pa., about two miles from the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The improvements are—First, a two-story frame house, with five rooms, a large frame bank barn, 50x70, with stabling underneath; a good two-story house and wood house. Second, a two-story frame house, with seven rooms; a large frame spring house, and other outbuildings. The fencing is all good, abundance of timber on the farm, and for sale at a reasonable distance. Convenient to Churches, schools, &c. I am authorized to sell this property very cheap and on easy terms.

Also, An excellent Farm of 100 acres, of which fifty acres are under cultivation, situate in Hamilton county, Illinois. Improvements—A new frame dwelling house, 24x36, with kitchen 16x20; choice fruit trees, good fencing, &c. It lies within 2 miles of the Illinois Central R. R.; will be sold cheap for cash, or a fair price will be taken in part exchange if desired.

Also, a Farm of 80 acres, in Jones township, Westmoreland county, 22 acres cleared and under cultivation, 40 acres of first-rate white oak and chestnut timber, and the balance in about 2 acres, the other 7 acres, with a tenant house, frame barn, &c. This property is in good working order; young orchard of grafted fruit. The land is rolling and in a healthy location, about 2 miles east of Greensburg. Title clear in plenty of water. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Also, about every acre is underlaid with coal. The title is good.

Also, one of the best farms in Young township, in Jefferson county, Pa., four miles from Mount Pleasant, on the Pennsylvania railroad, containing 300 acres—225 cleared and under No. 1 fencing, the rest due to good timber. The improvements are a large two-story brick house, with eight rooms; also a large frame bank barn, 80 by 80 feet, and other necessary outbuildings in good order. Five acres of orchard of choice varieties of fruit; four acres in coal, (now open.) This farm is well watered by springs and streams. It is a good thriving neighborhood

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

DRY GOODS!

Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 & 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Black Silks;

Fine Lawns;

Plain and Printed Percales;

Plain and Printed Marseilles;

Checks and Tickings;

Cottonades & Farmers' Linen;

Fine and Heavy Flannels;

Bleached & Brown Shirtings;

Corsets and Hoop Skirts;

Mosquito Netting;

Hosiery and Notions;

AT LOWEST NET PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

☞Orders promptly filled.

jy2

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

GREAT SALE OF

DRY GOODS!

Preparatory to auction, beginning on

Monday, July 8th, and Continuing to August 8th,

After which the balance of the Stock (if any,) will be disposed of at

PUBLIC AUCTION!

4-4 SHEETINGS..... 8 cents.
BEST MERRIMAC CALICOS..... 12½ "
TICKINGS..... 12½ "
HUCK TOWELS..... 12½ "
HOOP SKIRTS..... 75 "
HOOP SKIRTS..... 90 "
ALPACAS, all Colors..... 25 "
PANT DEEDS GOING..... 25 "
FRENCH LAWNS..... 18¾ "
WOOL CASSIMERES..... 75 "

MOONEY & BRENNAN,

No. 50 Federal Street.

☞Bring this with you and compare prices.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS!

IS AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

SELLING OUT AT

REDUCED PRICES!

THE STOCK IS ENTIRELY NEW,

And cheaper than any in the city.

No. 87 Market Street.

jy13no90

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of reasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants assorting up should call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

HATS, CAPS, &c.

STRAW GOODS,

FOR SUMMER SALES.

ALL THE NEW STYLE HATS,

FOR SALE CHEAP, AT

McCORD & CO.'S,

No. 131 Wood Street.

jy3

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM..... OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

At No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Have one of the very best retail stocks of

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS

In the city, and constantly in receipt of all that is new, as soon as it can be procured. Every attention given to retailing, exclusively. ap27-y&w

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

CHAS. S. BARR. HEN. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTLER

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

☞Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. aprl8

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of KNAKE & CO.'S PIANOS, HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS, At BLUME'S MUSIC STORE, my18 No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stables from No. 85 Third to No. 127 Third, (HALL'S) STABLES, opposite the rear end of the St. Charles Hotel, Third street. Sick and Lame Horses taken in and kindly treated, on a moderate charge. Horses of any infectious diseases not admitted, believing all to go through it. All the owners of DOCTOR WEST'S celebrated CURE ALL LINAMENT, as used by all the Veterinary Surgeons in Europe, will procure this, cures all sores, Wind or saddle galls, Sore Shoulders, Sprains or Cuts, and will not blow the hair off. It may be had in bottles, at his office.

Night and country cases promptly attended to. Remember, No. 127 Third, (HALL'S) Stables, THIRD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel. jy7:no90

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, he RESPECTFULLY solicits the same for his NEW AND HOSPITAL STABL. at the corner of Liberty street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh. Also, a TRAINING and BOARDING STABLE on Seventeenth street, between Ohio street and Stockton avenue, Allegheny City, for the accommodation of horses and owners from a distance. Special attention given to buying, selling, selecting and in breaking horses; and, with the assistance of Mr. JOHN E. CHILDS, (who may be seen at his residence, corner of East Liberty and Liberty sts.,) will give private lessons in riding to either ladies or gentlemen. Refers, by permission, to the following gentlemen: J. Fahnestock, J. C. Smith, Wm. S. Haseltine, John Kirker, M.D., D. S. Evans. je24:no90

LIVERY STABLES.

THOMAS MORELAND..... DANIEL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

425 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Horses and Carriages for Funerals.

Horses kept at livery. my3:y&w

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES, Ala., Furnishing Co. Office, No. 41 Cedar alley. All at the lowest rates, kept constantly on hand. CARSON STREET, between Ormsby and Denniston streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and Buggies for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in Pearl order for Funerals. Horses kept at Livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. ap24

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed.

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

C. G. FISCHER'S FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,

No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets, PITTSBURGH, Pa.

All goods returned in two weeks. Good kept subject to the owner twelve months. my15:no90

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY..... PHILIP CLEIS

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schaedtman & Co.,)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 78 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap18:no90

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

45 HAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Segars. Always on hand. my15:no90

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

jy2:no

AUCTION SALES.

VALUABLE BANK, BRIDGE AND R. R. STOCKS AT AUCTION.—THIS DAY EVENING, July 29th, at o'clock, will be sold, on the second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 108 (entitled to 4 votes):

25 shares Exchange National Bank;
24 shares Allegheny County Bank;
10 shares German National Bank;
12 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
20 shares Allegheny and Pittsburgh Bridge Co.
8 shares Western Union Telegraph Co.
jy29 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT AT AUCTION.—Sale on THIS DAY, July 29th, at o'clock, and House and Lot on the corner of Beaver and Locust streets, Fifth Ward, Allegheny. Lot 36 feet front by 70 feet deep, fronting on Beaver and 20 ft. 6 in. on Locust, both paved streets. The house is a 2-story frame, 6 rooms with gas throughout. There is a large stable and another building on the lot. There is a good well on the premises, having been used for several years, as a public boarding house, for which it is well adapted. The location is excellent, for business being on the main thoroughfare. This property could be made exceedingly valuable, by the erection of stores and dwellings. Especial attention is directed to the prospective advantage of this property. Possession given April 1st.

Terms—Two-thirds cash, balance in two years. jy26 A. McILWAINE, Auct'r.

ELEGANT MANSION AND GROUNDS, No. 17 SOUTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY.—ON TUESDAY EVENING, July 30th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, on the second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, the handsome and substantial 2-story brick Dwelling, No. 17 South avenue, below Schoen street, Allegheny City, containing ten rooms and bath room. The house is in good repair, and contains gas and water throughout; hot and cold water in bath room; kitchen and wash house of permanent marble top wash stand in the front room. The lot is 36 feet by inches front by 150 feet in depth to a wide alley. Ornamental grounds front and shade and fruit trees.

This beautiful situation commands a fine view of the rivers and is rooming scenery, with secure advantage of pure air. The Pennsylvania street cars run within a half square of the premises.

Terms—One-half cash, balance in one and two years, with interest. Possession given immediately. Those wishing are invited to view the premises. jy23 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

IN THE SUBURBS.

Manchester as it Is and Was—Woods Run Improvement—Locomotive and Car Works—Globe Flow Works.

Whilst the advance in the way of residences, both in style and number, in Lawrenceville, is more marked, we think, than in any of our suburban boroughs, and the improvement in paving and opening of new streets also more extensive, we must accord to Manchester and neighborhood the palm of progress in the manufacturing line. The advance in this respect has of course increased the value of real estate, and the bottom land, heretofore available for garden productions, is being rendered available for building purposes. A like movement in this regard on the part of the authorities could not fail of accelerating improvement.

THE CONSOLIDATION.

Although long and bitterly resisted by the shortsighted, strong opposition of the community interested, the annexation of the borough of Manchester to Allegheny was finally accomplished last spring. The corporations had become so closely connected as to be in almost all respects the same, except in name and government, and the consolidation resulted in the adoption of the best thing. The advantages which will result, the citizens might now be enjoying in a larger measure, but council could not be reconsulted to years ago. As part of Allegheny City, the district which lately existed as Manchester will be opened up, graded and fire protection, and afforded an ample supply of water, the absence of which requirements retarded its growth. Such improvements, without which there can be no substantial progress, will also be greatly facilitated.

A FEW YEARS BACK,

Manchester, compared with its present size and importance, was comparatively a country village, and in certain seasons, with bad thoroughfares and lack of present advantages, was considered a very uninviting place, although from its situation, close proximity to Allegheny City, may one with the most ordinary foresight who remembers the locality as it was, say in 1860, will not be greatly surprised at the change which has taken place. As in the case of Lawrenceville, the operation of the Passenger Railway has been the primary, substantial impetus given to the advancement now observable by one who takes a car on St. Clair street, in the city, and rides by the upper or Ohio street route to Woods Run. The outer depot of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad is now environed on all sides, also the stock yards, and further on to the Manchester line, an unbroken view of buildings, erected and erecting, is presented, and in 1860, over ground described, houses were few and far between. The change has been directly brought about by the Passenger Railway.

WOODS RUN.

Just below Manchester, after leaving the paved street, and passing the passenger railway car depot, the bottom land is yet devoted to garden produce, and no particular change is observable outside of the Superior Iron Works, rows of frame dwellings, and shops of the Cleveland Railroad; but passing on to Woods Run, the scene changes. There is presented evidence of a sudden awakening, and at first glance any denizen journeying in that direction might think he had mistaken his course, that he was going towards Indeed of from the more thickly settled portion of the locality. After a little reflection he might determine that he had been traveling further than he intended, and had suddenly come upon a town, the existence of which he had not previously been aware of. It is really astonishing the amount of building that has been done in a very short time at Woods Run. Taking advantage of the inducements held out by reduced rates for building lots, acre and half acre lots have been purchased, principally by mechanics, who have built houses for themselves, and in this way a new town has in reality sprung into existence. Tired of paying high rents for uncomfortable and inconvenient houses, or parts of houses, the little mechanics have built homes for themselves, thus securing comfort for their families, and instead of continuing to pay rent, have decided to devote their earnings towards paying for and gradually improving their possessions. The natural result of this has been the increase of the value of land in the vicinity, a gentleman with whom we conversed fixing the rate of the ease at from $50 to $2,500 per acre, having himself sold the latter figure in order to secure an addition to his place, that he might have a front on the Brighton road. In which point the building improvements on Woods Run have progressed. There is a considerable amount of building going on in the place, and among the establishments we noted the rolling mills of Graff, Bennett & Co., Lindsay, Dilworth & Co. and Vesta Furnace, Pittsburgh Forge. Our visit was rather brief, unavoidably so, and we regretted being prevented from making more extensive observation of the really astonishing advance made in the settlement.

SUPERIOR IRON WORKS.

Returning, we stopped at the Superior Iron Works, located on both sides of the Marine Hospital. That portion devoted to the manufacture of railroad iron we first visited, and found its numerous furnaces and costly machinery silent. In its construction some six hundred thousand dollars were expended, and it would seem that the "great expectations" of the investing capitalists have not been realized. The other branch of the works, the blast furnace, we found in full operation.

LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS.

Again inside corporation limits, we called into the Pittsburgh Locomotive and Car Works, commenced by Lash & Co., in full operation, employing about one hundred and fifty hands. We were present when the ground was broken for this establishment, had not visited the locality since, and felt more than as an ordinary interest as we passed through the works, in order to see if all that we had expected as going to be. Most luckily we happened upon our old friend Henry Smith, an old Pittsburgher, and also renewed acquaintance Mr. Trautenor Perkins, the Engineer and Superintendent, and late Master Mechanic of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The stock company owning the works, of which John A. Wright, President, and Thomas Clyde, Railroad) is President, purchased nine acres of ground, extending from the main street to the river, upon which the buildings, as a portion of the Wardrop estate, on which they have erected the buildings which we visited. The north and south, and passing the passenger railway car depot, the bottom land is yet devoted to garden produce, and no particular change is observable outside of the Superior Iron Works, rows of frame dwellings, and shops of the Cleveland Railroad; but passing on to Woods Run, the scene changes. There is presented evidence of a sudden awakening, and at first glance any denizen journeying in that direction might think he had mistaken his course, that he was going towards Indeed of from the more thickly settled portion of the locality. After a little reflection he might determine that he had been traveling further than he intended, and had suddenly come upon a town, the existence of which he had not previously been aware of. It is really astonishing the amount of building that has been done in a very short time at Woods Run. Taking advantage of the inducements held out by reduced rates for building lots, acre and half acre lots have been purchased, principally by mechanics, who have built houses for themselves, and in this way a new town has in reality sprung into existence. Tired of paying high rents for uncomfortable and inconvenient houses, or parts of houses, the little mechanics have built homes for themselves, thus securing comfort for their families, and instead of continuing to pay rent, have decided to devote their earnings towards paying for and gradually improving their possessions. The natural result of this has been the increase of the value of land in the vicinity, a gentleman with whom we conversed fixing the rate of the ease at from $50 to $2,500 per acre, having himself sold the latter figure in order to secure an addition to his place, that he might have a front on the Brighton road. In which point the building improvements on Woods Run have progressed. There is a considerable amount of building going on in the place, and among the establishments we noted the rolling mills of Graff, Bennett & Co., Lindsay, Dilworth & Co. and Vesta Furnace, Pittsburgh Forge. Our visit was rather brief, unavoidably so, and we regretted being prevented from making more extensive observation of the really astonishing advance made in the settlement.

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We called in at the Globe Flow Works, one of the institutions of this locality, rebuilt in 1865, in a few weeks, after destruction by fire. Hall & Speer is the name of the firm, and the plows turned out by them have an established reputation throughout the United States, we may say, the world. Mr. J. S. Hall, one of the firm, took us through the works, and although we had visited them more than once previously, we observed different matters quite new to us, demonstrating what inventive genius has accomplished in the way of saving labor. Although but eighty hands are employed, the amount of work performed by them, with improved machinery, is equal to what would have been employed by four times that number of men some years ago. Appliances apparently trifling in themselves, once requiring considerable manipulation and time to fashion, is now but the work of a few seconds. Even in the seemingly insignificant matter of sawing boards, a considerable per centage of which were broken and rendered useless in the operation, an apparatus based on mathematical principles, crooks the handle to the desired shape, rendering breakage almost impossible, and the same accuracy and uniformity is secured in fashioning the handles to conform to the grasp of the plowman.

Looking at the operation we almost concluded that to arrive at greater perfection it would be necessary to put brains into machinery, but we thought this ten years ago, and in dropping the subject we can but say, what next? The Globe Works, we understand, is the only one of the number of our plow manufactories now in operation, and the firm say they are somewhat hurried in consequence of having been obliged recently to stop a few weeks for repairs.

We have doubtless used quite sufficiently for the present of our notes of a hurried trip to Manchester and vicinity yesterday, and will conclude with the promise shortly to "do up" Woods Run more satisfactorily, at least to ourselves, than we have on this occasion.

Birmingham Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for at Birmingham Postoffice, July 27, 1867.

A: Allen Alba, Andrews W E, Bartlett N, Bolwin J R, Brook Ed, Brando J, Brown J C, Butler Wm, Cees August, Beam John H, Beck James, Buchanan J, Brewer Rosa C, Carnahan Edward, Campbell J, Campbell J C, Cooper Ann, Cress Wm, Carr Jane, Conway Mary J, Cravin Julia, Doherty Mary M, Dorsh Margt, Deale Geo, Dean Weston, Deason Geo, Darrah Wm, Dethorn J, Davis David, Doyle Henry, Davis Anny, Dunlap Henry, Duval Sam, Dunmore C, Egolf John, Fortune A A, Fitzpatrick A, Fetzrith M; G: Garry C, Gosen Wm, Green Cath, Garland Jane, Geoghegan C, Good John, Hennesy Mich, Hamilton Alex, Hatfield A W, Hendricks Wm, Henry Jas, Harrison Lou, Hartman Lou, Heavy Mich, Henderson H, Henderson N, Hollister Geo, Holiday A C, Jones J, Jones Mary A, Johnson Jos, Kenfer Wm, Martin Geo, Mooney J, Mullen Mary, Murphy Mich, Mullen Mary, Michels Jas L, Mony Thos, Mellonis J W, Mullen Mary, McCoy G, Nicholson J H, O'Conner D, Pier, Daniels & Co, Power Rose J, Phillis Edward, Quinn Chas, Quilty John, Reynolds Josh, Rudman John, Reeves Laura, Reynolds Josh, Rudman John, Sanders H, Slicker John, Sturgeon Peter, Sopeck J, Sisley Jas H, Smith John, Snyder John, Silvers John, Smith Eliza, Sweet Lorenz, Smith D J, Springer J T, Smith Fred, Smith J ha, Tweedy Thos, Thomas D, Tarbert's, Taylor C J, Urben Tony, Walker W, Walker Louisa, Young Wm, Zellers Theo A, Zimmerman W; E. G. KEENAN, P. M.

House Struck by Lightning.—The dwelling house of J. L. Livingston, near the Superior Oil Works, opposite Sharpsburg, was struck by lightning on Thursday evening last. The mysterious fluid passed down the chimney, knocking off a corner of the house, and frightening the inmates in a shocking manner.

After His Share—The District Attorney and His Assistant Disagree.

Our readers are aware that the last Legislature created the office of Assistant District Attorney for Allegheny county, and that the Governor, in accordance with the provisions of the law, appointed an attorney to hold the office during the continuance of the term of Col. L. B. Duff as District Attorney, after which the people will select the new officer. The act provides among other things that the Assistant shall receive one-third of the fees accruing to the office of District Attorney. John W. Riddell, Esq., was the appointee of the Governor, and has been acting as Assistant District Attorney during two terms of the Criminal Courts, receiving one-third of fees, but it appears not of all fees, Colonel Duff refusing to share with him commissions on forfeited recognizances, for the reason that the law, in his judgment, does not contemplate such a sharing of perquisites. Mr. Riddell is of a contrary opinion, and with a view of settling the matter he believes he is justly entitled to, on Saturday brought the subject to the attention of the Court, with a view of having the question determined. He asked and obtained a rule on the Clerk of the Court in a certain case of forfeited recognizance, which will come up in regular course on the argument list. Mr. Brown, the Clerk, has "taxed" the costs in the case named to the rule in the proportion of one-third to Mr. Riddell and two-thirds to Colonel Duff, but the latter resists the payment to the former of the one-third, and it was stated that in a number of like cases Col. D. has appropriated to himself all of the fees. Whether it is contemplated by Mr. Riddell not only to have the question settled for the future, but also to compel Colonel Duff to "disgorge," did not appear from what was said concerning the matter; but there seemed to be some difficulty as to the proper mode of proceeding. We trust that in the disagreement of these two important officers about pecuniary matters the public interest may not suffer.

☞Additional Local Matters on First Page.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

JULY REDUCTION!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING,

AT REDUCED PRICES!

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

HENRY G. HALE

NORTHWEST COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

JUST OPENED,

COMPRISING

All the Novelties of the Season,

Such as is only found in a

First-Class Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

mh6:no97

THIRD ARRIVAL

OF

SUMMER GOODS,

AT

E. HOUSTON & CO.'S,

FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

AND DEALERS IN

Men and Boys' Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

No. 107 Fifth St.,

CORNER OF CHERRY ALLEY.

All the latest styles and novelties in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS.

Prices very reasonable and to suit the times. jy1:no

E. J. McGRATTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

S. W. corner DIAMOND and OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.

A large assortment of Furnishing Goods always on hand.

A first class cutter will attend to custom work. feb14:no

HENRY CAPPELL, Merchant TAILOR, and dealer in

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

142 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Three door below Sixth. PITTSBURGH, PA.

Also, a full assortment of Furnishing Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings on hand, and made up in the most fashionable style, at the shortest notice. my15:no90

EATING, ICE CREAM, &c.

HERBST ORDINARY,

DINING, LUNCH, COFFEE

AND ICE CREAM ROOMS,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

No. 64 Fourth St.

☞Our MORNING LUNCHES served daily, from 8 to 11 A. M. DINNER served from 11 o'clock, daily—$5.00 for twelve, or 60 cents single ticket.

Particular attention given to the wants of ladies and gentlemen desiring a comfortable dinner. The patronage of the public is solicited, and any of the luxuries of the season also, to the finest, whether parties, public or private, at their residences or elsewhere, with the best of

WEDDING, POUND AND SPONGE CAKES

With the richest assortment of Basket and Fancy Cake, Cream and Water Ices, Meringue Mange, Mattoon, Orn-mental Pyramids, Game, Sweetmeats, Jellies, Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Waiters and Moulds furnished on hire and put in the parties.

Silverware, Cutlery, Glassware and Table Linen for hire. jeload

WILLIAMSON'S

DINING ROOMS,

No. 36 Market St.,

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. R. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

☞The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game. je29:no22

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'GUIRE,

No. 89 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Clark's Methodist Church,

Keeps on hand SODA WATER, FANCY CAKES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY &c.

Parties and Private Families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. je19:n

NEW STORE.

H. W. HORBACK,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

ICE CREAM SALOON, and LADIES' ORDINARY,

1809 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Fayette and Liberty. my27:no90

NE PLUS ULTRA

WASHING MACHINES,

NOVELTY BENCH AND TUB;

WRINGERS, SWINGS,

UNION COFFEE POTS,

And a full assortment of Housekeeping Goods, a

GRAFTON'S, 66 Federal St.,

NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT. ap6:no75-MTU ALLEGHENY CITY

A. YOUNG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND

Commission Merchants in

FLOUR, FEED,

AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

No. 555 Penn St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my27:no

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.

L. D. SMITH..... A. S. SEATON..... G. G. SEATON.

SMITH, SEATON & SEATON,

Local Collecting Agents,

No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, 2ND FLOOR,

P. O. BOX, 541. PITTSBURGH.

Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected. je27:no

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, June 15th, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Tax Payers of the City of Pitts burgh that the City Treasurer is now ready to receive, at his office, No. 19 Fourth street, the following Taxes, on which a discount of FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed up to the 1st DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, viz:

CITY TAX;
BUSINESS TAX;
FOR R. T. SEWERS;
CITY BUILDING TAX;
and WATER RENTS.

The State Mercantile License is likewise due, and must be paid on or before JULY 1st, in order to save costs.

jel7:no S. ALLINDER, Treasurer

FIRE SCREENS

OF A NEW STYLE,

On canvas, w'l in oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, a

107 MARKET STREET.

jy26 E. HUGHES & BRO.

LEATHER BELTING.—We keep constantly on hand a full stock of the best quality of eastern manufacture, made expressly for our sales, and warranted to give satisfaction. J. & R. PHILLIPS,

jel2 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞WM. HARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of boiling, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any in the country. Chimneys, Breechings made to the shortest notice. Locomotive Boiling, Fire Bells, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boiling, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of HARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. fe6:ly

☞HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA clarifies and renovates the blood, insures the best of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make existence

☞HELMBOLD'S

Concentrated Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Eradicates ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE DISEASES of the THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP and SKIN,

Which so disgure the appearance, PURGING the evil effects of mercury and removing all taints, the remnants of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect safety.

A TABLESPOONFUL of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoctions as usually made.

AN INTERESTING LETTER It is published in the Medico-Surgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Geo. Smith Travers, F. R. S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the "great variety of cases that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic with this inestimable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so reduced, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious.

HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Druggist and Chemist, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

$1.14 by all Druggists. apl5.MW

☞A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follow the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin. apl5:MW

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

☞NOT A FEW of the worst corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value. apl5:MW

☞DR. LUDLUM'S SPECIFIC,

The Great American Diuretic!

Affords immediate relief and effects permanent cures of all Urinary and Private Diseases in Male and female, in shorter time than any remedy ever discovered. Price $1.00 per box. Sold by all Druggists.

JOHN D. PARK, General Agent,

ap25 y&w CINCINNATI, O.

☞IN THE SPRING AND SUMMER MONTHS, the system naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest value. ap15:MW

☞ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLIKEN,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Rest and stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Also No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

☞Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:y&n

☞YOUNG LADIES, BEWARE of the various effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such ruin the skin in the end. Use only HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. apl5:MW

☞LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of smelting, Brasiers' and Bell Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Railroad Nails, Solders, Spelter Solder. Also Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Iron, Lead, Pig and Bar Iron, Planished and Tinned Sheet Iron. Machines and Tools, Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and Nos. 139 and 141 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my18:no90

☞THOSE WHO desire BRILLIANCY OF COMPLEXION must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA does effectually soon. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take No other. apl5:MW

☞SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. E. SCHMERTZ,

No. 31 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

☞QUANTITY vs. QUALITY. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. One dollar's worth of this will do more good than a dozen worthless kind. apl5:MW

☞QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 258 FEATY STREET,

mh26:no92 PITTSBURGH.

☞TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY! WHY NOT? Before Marriage see Young Men, in Essays on the Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa., on Abuses and Diseases induced by Ignorance of Nature's Laws, to the first cause of man. Sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my27:no&w

☞GRAY'S GYMNASIUM,

No. 7 FOURTH STREET.

Gentlemen from 8 till 9 A. M. and 2 till 4 P. M. Ladies from 9 till 2 and from 3 till 5 P. M. Prof. Gray's Patent Apparatus for Physical Education. Direction from 10 till 11, Miss LE ROW, of Boston. my18:no98

☞HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the finest Blood Purifier. apl5:MW

DISSOLVED.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of HAMILTON & McKEE, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 17th inst. The business of the firm will be settled by JAS. K. HAMILTON, Jr. In retiring from said firm I earnestly request my friends and patrons to continue their patronage in favor of my late partner. D. W. McKEE.

Pittsburgh, July 23, 1867.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy26:no

JOHN RONEY,

HECLA FOUNDRY,

Carson St., 9th Ward, near A. V. R. R.

MANUFACTURER OF

Hammer Dies, Steel Moulds,

Rolling Mill and Machine Castings generally.

JOBBING WORK promptly attended to. Orders solicited and carefully and satisfactorily executed. jy24

JAMES B. YOUNGSON,

No. 200 Wylie Street,

Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a first class

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

At the above number. Fresh BREAD & CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, PURE'S CUTS, &c. Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, refitted up in style. Special attention given to furnishing Private Parties, Dinners and Picnics with ICE CREAM, CAKE and FRUIT.

☞THE HOT BREAD morning and evening.

THE PEOPLE'S

TEA STORE,

Wilson & Underwood,

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.

No. 15 South West Diamond,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Call and examine our stock and prices. ap7:no&p

NOTICE.

W. J. MYERS,

(OF MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,)

Having sold his interest to WM. S. WILT, on April 1st, 1867, retires from the firm and Mr. WILT enters as a partner from that date. The name of the firm will remain as usual, and continue on at their old stand,

No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST CLASS

FARM FOR SALE!

The subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he resides, in Hooker county, W. Va., three miles east of Glenbeul

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Are now converting into the

NEW 5-20'S GOLD BOND OF 1867,

All other issues, including all series of 7 30's, 6's of 1881, 5-20's of 1862, 5 20's of 1865 and Compound Interest Notes.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.,** Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 27, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 140¾; Eighty-one bonds, 110½; Five Twenties, 1862, 111½; Five Twenties, 1864 109⅝; Five Twenties, 1865, 109½; Consols, 108¼; Seven Thirties, 107⅝@107¾; Ten Forties, 102¼. Stocks—Erie Railroad, 76⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 92½; Chicago and Rock Island, 104; Chicago and Northwestern, 80¾; Chicago and Northwestern preferred 72⅞; Fort Wayne Railroad, 106⅞; Michigan Southern Railroad, 85; New York Central, 109¾; Reading, 100¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 48¾. Mining shares—Corydon, 1,70; Quartz Hill, 2,01; Gregory, 6,04; Smith & Parmalee, 5,90.

Gold opened strong at 139¾, advanced to 140¾, but besides the legitimate demand for export or duties, there is no desire to speculate for a rise, and it is confidently expected that with the increased export of cereals, oil, etc. will soon bring down exchange despite the war rumors. Moreover, the Government is likely to be a seller of gold before the middle of August to pay off maturing coupons, and Seven-Thirty bonds still standing after maturity. We may safely estimate that five per cent. of the holders of Seven Thirty bonds will, by indifference, let the time pass when they could exchange their rates for a better and longer security. Government bonds are lower and dull with more offers to sell than orders to buy there is now a difference of nearly one half per cent. in favor of Five Twenties of 1865 or 1864 Seven Thirties are lower.

The stock market has dull further advanced and the increase of loanable funds may carry stocks still higher, though they are far above their real value, and most likely are an involuntary investment by the purchasers thereof having sold short at lower prices, and now are forced to cover at an advance. Mining shares unchanged, and business light.

Local money market works very close for anything but strict legitimate business transactions. Business has never been so dull as was the case within the last few days.

Closing New York quotations received by James T. Brady:

U. S. Sixes, 1881	110½
" 5-20s, 1862	111
" " 1864	109½
" " 1865	109¾
" " 1867	109¾
" 10-40s	96½
" Coupons	108¼
August 7-30s	107⅜
June 7-30s	107⅝
July 7-30s	107⅝
Dec. Compounds, 1864	117½
Gold	140¾
Silver	136⅜

—The conversion of the August Seven Thirties is progressing steadily, but it is believed by financial circles that at maturity there will be a large amount outstanding. Holders who wish to convert had better do so at the earliest opportunity, as it is understood that all outstanding on and after maturity will be redeem d in currency. The Government is converting by allowing interest on the Seven Thirties to July 1st, exchanging therefor Five Twenties of that date at par.

—Owing to the export demand for gold at New York since Monday speculation has been rather dull. Over three millions of specie have been exported during the week, and the customs receipts will average about $600,000 of gold each day. This is due in good part to the active demand for West India sugars and some other leading articles of general foreign merchandise, simultaneously with the first considerable arrivals of foreign drygoods for the fall trade. Quite a fleet of En opean steamers are now, discharging cargo. "The Treasury, we believe, says the New York Times is not at present a seller of gold, but a suspicion appears to pervade the gold room that, with the present free receipts from customs, some moderate sales may soon be made."

—A very decided pressure is being brought to bear upon the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to prevent the carrying out of contemplated reforms in the manner of collecting the tax on distilled spirits. So many millions of capital are involved in the liquid production of liquors, that a league of the prominent distillers and rectifiers is a most formidable power to overcome. The Department, however, in contemplation a plan for the collection of the whisky tax which will probably be made public in this city to-night. If Commissioner Rollins has the necessary moral courage to adhere to the plan when it is once adopted, which is said to be quite reasonable, the receipts will be vastly augmented before the next session of Congress.

—The plethora of money, like that of the crops, seems to be world wide. The crops in all parts of the United States are reported good, and from the grain producing regions of Europe the news is of the same favorable tenor. The papers in the commercial centres of this country report money abundant and cheap, and the London *Morning Herald* of the 13th of July says: "Such is the abundance of money that $7,500 000 was offered on the security of Consols yesterday at ⅛ per cent., but the parties to whom the proposal was made were so full that they refused to take it." While most people esteem a cheap money market desirable, they are reflecting know that it is a sign of depression and a lack of enterprise. That for which there is the least demand is always cheap, and that which is most in demand is usually dear. There is always the most demand for money when there is the most business.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27.—Cotton is a shade firmer, but less active; sales of 1,000 bales; uplands at 27½. Flour is 10@20c lower chiefly upon new, and firm for old. Receipts were 4,200 bbls.; sales 7,800 bbls., Superfine State and western is $6,35@7,85, ext a western, $7,90@9,70; choice do; $10,30@12,00; fancy Ohio, $9,75@11,00; trade brands; $10,65@12,50 for fancy brands. St. Louis, $9,00@11,00; western, $11,00@12,00 California is heavy at $12,00 and unchanged rates. Rye Flour is heavy; sales of 250 bbls. at $6,90@7,50. Whiskey is quiet and unchanged. Wheat is dull and 2@3c lower. Receipts were 7,850 bus. Sales, 41,000 bu. No. 2 Milwaukee at $2,00 per bu. White California, $2,20@2,30. New red and amber winter southern, $2,50@2,65—the latter for choice white southern, $2,60@2,65; the latter new; white southern, $2,60@2,70 for handsome; a large portion of the sales were of California. Rye is more doing; 4,000 bu. western at $1,45@1,48. Barley and Malt, nominal. Corn is 1c better; sales, 122,000 bu. new mixed western at $1,04@1,06; unsound, new mixed western at $1,02@1,04; unsound, 98c@$1,00; kiln dried, 98c@$1,02. Receipts were 132,431 bu. Oats are a shade firmer at 38@39c bu. western at 80@85c; State 94@95c; new 95c; receipts, 55,405 bu. Coal unchanged. Wool more active and a shade easier; sales 300,000 lbs., at 45@55c for domestic fleece; 62½@67½c for unwashed; 30@36c for superfine and extra; pulled 40@50c. Leather dull and unchanged. Hops quiet and unchanged. Rice dull and unchanged. Coffee in fair demand. Sugar steady. Molasses nominally unsettled. Petroleum quiet; crude bulk, 14c; refined in bond, 31½@32c. Pork opened dull and closed firmer, at $23,00@23,50 for new mess, closing at $23,25 for regular; old mess, $22,50; prime, $19,75@20,12; prime mess, $22,50. Beef firm; sales 165 bbls. and unchanged. Tierce beef in demand, sales 25 tierces; plate $44. Beef hams dull; sales 65 bbls. at $25,50@40. Bacon firm and quiet. Cut meats quiet and firm. Middles dull. Lard firmer; sales 1300 bbls. at 12½@12¾c. Butter unchanged. Cheese heavy, at 13½@c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and without material alteration.

LATER, 5 P. M.—Flour closed dull and 10@20c lower, chiefly upon new and inferior Old. Wheat dull and 2@3c lower. Rye steady. Western at $1,45@1,47. Oats active and firm; Western 85c, Ohio 95c. Corn firm at $1,04@1,05 for good to prime new Mixed Western, and 98@$1,02 for unsound do. Pork firmer, sales of 1,300 bbls Mess at $23,50 cash, and $24 buyers option, ten days, closing with $24 buyers at $24,10 regular, buyers at $24, and sellers at $24,10 regular. Beef quiet and steady. Cut Meats quiet and firm. Bacon firm and quiet, for want of stock. Lard firm with upward tendency, at 13@13¾c; 13¾c for fair to prime, and 13½ for kettle rendered.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, July 27.—Receipts—corn 140,000 bu, oats 94,000 bu, flour 1,900 bbls. Shipments —corn 93,000 bu, oats 10,000 bu. Freights firm; corn 1½c to New York. Flour dull, with a downward tendency. No. 1 spring $11; new white Kentucky $13. Wheat quiet; sales of 2,000 bu new Amber Indiana at 2,31; new white Kentucky in store at $2,70@2,75, corn in dull, unsettled, and held at 9½c for No. 2 mixed western; sales of 35,000 bu western in port, No. 2, part per sample, at 96c. Oats—car lots at 85c from store. Rye—waiting $1,20 for western. Mess Pork unchanged. Lard unchanged. Highwines nominal.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—Sales of 148 hhds. of tobacco lugs at $5,50 for leaf; $6@17,75 for common to medium; $21,75 for selections and superfine. Flour $6,75@8,00 for No 1; new $11,50. Wheat; prime, $1,75. Corn, delivered $1,08. Oats, in bulk 95c. Mess pork, $24,50. Bacon; shoulders 13½; clear sides, 16¾ for packed. Lard; in tierces 12½@ 13c. Whiskey, raw in bond $2,31. Barley, new fall, 90@95c.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 140.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money is quite easy at 3@5 per cent. for call loans. Sterling is quiet at 109⅞@110¼; gold for first class bills. Gold is firmer, opening at 139½, advancing to 140¾, and closing at 140. The export of specie to-day was $1,081,944.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks are quiet and without decided change. The following were the closing prices: Coupons of 1881, 109½; do. of 1862, 111½; do. of 1864, 109½; do. of 1865, 109½; do new, 108½; do. of 1867, 108¾; coupon in 40s, 108¾; August 7-30s, 107⅝; do. June and July 107⅝.

BANK STATEMENT.

The bank statement on Monday will probably show a decrease of two and a half millions in specie, an increase of a million and a quarter in deposits, a million in legal tenders, and two and a half millions in loans.

STOCKS.

Stocks continue excited and tend upward. Erie sold high. at 67¾, closing at 76⅝@76¾. The market was generally steady at the close.

5:30 P. M. prices—Ohio Certificates 28¾@ 28¾; Canton, 52¾@53; Cumberland, 28¾@ 29; Quicksilver 34¾@35; Maripposa, 10@11; Western Union Telegraph, 48¾@48¾; Pacific mail, 145¾@146; Atlantic, 110@111; New York Central, 109¾@109¾; Erie, 76¾@76¾; Hudson, 122¾@122¾; Reading, 100¾@100¾; Michigan Southern, 85@85¾; Illinois Central, 115@116; Pittsburgh, 89@90¾; Toledo, 102½@103; Rock Island, 104@104¾; North Western, 80¾@80¾; do. preferred, 72¾@73; Fort Wayne, 106¾@107; Wabash, 92¾.

EXPRESS SHARES.

Express shares show an increasing business. Merchants Union Express, 19@20; Adams, 73@74; American, 73@73½; United States, 73@73½; Wells Fargo, 68@68½.

The imports for the week of dry goods, amount to $2,150,751; general merchandise, $3,699,101. The receipts at the Sub-Treasury were $1,066,102; the payments, $1,980,592; balance, $150,106,085.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares are firmer. Gregory, 705; Lacrosse, 83; Corydon, 165; Smith & Parmelee, 595; Quartz Hill, 210; Davidson Copper, 199.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, O., July 27.—Flour nominal at $12,00 to $13,00 for new from white wheats; $10@$11,00 from red. Wheat 4@6c lower; $2,18 for No. 1 red Wabash; $2,20 for new amber Michigan, 3000 firm and 2c better; 90c for No. 1 red Wabash; 88c for do Michigan; 85½c for No. 2. Oats firm at 67c. Lake Freights unchanged.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, July 27.—Coffee is nominal. Flour in demand for export to Brazil. Wheat lower; white, $2,25@2,40. Corn scarce; mixed western, $1,00@1,05. Oats lower; new, 55@56c; old, 90c. Provisions dull and nominally lower.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 27.—Cotton steady, at 24½ @25c; exports, 92 bales; receipts, 7 bales. Flour superfine, $10@10,25. Corn; $1,30@1,35 for white. Oats $1,10@1,15.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 27.—Beef Cattle dull and unchanged. Hogs dull at $6,75@7,00 for good to choice extra; receipts of 1,800 head. Sheep dull and nominal.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27.—Dry Goods market inactive, no sale for more than jobbing lots. Brown sheetings and shirtings unchanged.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 27—2 cars iron ore, Reese, Graff & Dull; 15 bbls scrap steel, Anderson, Cook & Co; 10 bbls castings, 167 plates copper, Hussey & Co; 3 axles, Singer, Nimick & Co; 800 feet lumber, Clark & McDonnigle; 8,000 do do, B Schmidt & Co; 15 cars pig iron, Nimick & Co; 10 sks onions to Alexander & Shepard; 10 bbls cement, B A Fahnestock & Co; 2 bbls shafts, T Hare & Bro; 100 box stencil, Arbuckles & Co; 10 do do, B Hear ey & Co; 1 car flour, Spencer & Co; 25 do do do, Smith, Johnston & Co; 1 coil rope, C M & J N Garrison; 1 ck hinges, Lindsay, Sterrett & Co; 2 bdls eggs, H Lea Jr; 11 bbls whisky, McCullough, Smith & Co; 1 car brick, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 7 rolls leather, G N Hoffstot; 1 ck brass, Clark, Seipp & Co; 7 rolls do, 5 sks butter, Voigt & Carroll; 4 bx brass, 2 sks cobalt, 30 cadillos tobacco, M McCullough Jr & Co; 10 barrels dry goods, Thos Bissell; 1 pkg merchandise, Hall & Speer; 24 bbls vinegar, A Bushar; 2 bxs flues, Whitmore, Wolfe, Duff & Co; 294 packs unlined, S Knox Jr; 1 pkg dry goods, Wm Phillips; 4 bbls do, 3 sugar mills, 15 bolts, Jno Hall; 1 bdl iron, Hussey, Wells & Co; 100 oil tubs, Thos Mingay; 1 chest tea, Wm Grant; 1 bdl do, Davis & Phillips; 20 bbls oil, S B Lloyd & Co; 1 bbl do, Johnston & Painer; 1 do do, W Arthur; 24 sks bran, 40 do corn meal, Jno Orr; 52 bbls do, Markin & Rogers; 50 do do, H Chase; 30 do do, Buffum, Askew & Co; 1 roll leather, M Trimble.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE CHICAGO R R, July 27—4 cars salt, 1 do do, 1 do do, Boyd & Chambley; 3 cs hams, Jas Heiltz; 200 bbls fl ur, Shoemaker & Lawall; car wheat, J P Liggett; 4 do hay, Jas Graham; 2 do do, J B Caufield & Son; 1 case cutlett, McKee & Bro; 4 bbls tobacco, M Hay; 1 car ire brick, Hailman, Rahm & Co; 1 do do, P&L Bro & Co; 1 do do barley, H Rea & Co; 1 box tobacco, McCullough & Co; 1 car stone, Markin & McCabe; 3 bdls flax, L Gard; 4 do do, Fred Jr & Co; 1 do do, Spencer & Co; 1 bdl bacon, H Riddle; 405 gallons stoneware, Peter Bloom.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R R, July 27—4 sks new wheat, Gwynne & Stone; 1 pkg 10 bbls salt, H Snyder; 89 bundles paper, Markle, Dickson & Co; 73 return packages, W Cooper & Co; 1 do do, Thos Cleveland; 1 car bark, Lappe & Weise; 24 rolls leather, Lappe & Wettsch; 5 bxs type, B Illman, Boyd & Co; 11 kegs nuts, 3 do washers, Lindsay, Sterrett & Co; 1 pkg 20 kegs nails, Knox & Orr; 5 hhds. 2 bbls bacon, Rutlege, Perry & Co; 72 rolls rope, 6 bales tow, Fulton, Bonnell & Co; 43 bdls sheet iron, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD July 27—1 car timber, 1 do do, 1 do do railroad iron, J McKee; 2 do metal, Nimick & Co; 10 sks scraps, 1 box rags, H Streng; 28 sks oats, J Hoffman; 40 sacks oats, Brown; bit making, owners.

MISCELLANEOUS.

F. MUSSMANN,

Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done in the shortest notice. jy27

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY to buy the TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

mh18 P. C. DUFFY.

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter.

Office, corner of BAKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

☞ Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy20

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,

No. 154 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Fresh stock of choice

Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,

Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.

A. G. BRYANT.

my18:z61

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND

and manufacture to order all kinds of spring and plain WAGON, CART, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCK & BUGGY HUBS, And TIP-SLED POKES, HAY RAKE FORKS,

At Duquesne Wagon Works, near the Pittsburgh Depot. ALLMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL

HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, 92 Fourth st., on hand a general assortment of ladies' Wire, Hands, Curls; Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, Scalps, and all kinds of Hair Goods. A good price in cash will be given for Raw Hair.

Ladies' and gentlemen's hair-cutting done in the neatest manner. jy20

CHOICE BEDDING PLANTS.

A very large stock of

Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, &c.,

In bloom, at the Oakland Greenhouses.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

Send for a catalogue. my18:z

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, &c.

124 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. jy18

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. apl6:z

R. P. GETTY,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

Dealer in TEAS, WINES and Pure Old Monongahela Rye and Bourbon WHISKIES, No. 55, Northeast corner of Fifth street and Diamond, Allegheny City, Pa. my18:z66

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 2 and 4 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH. Especial attention given to the designing and building of Store, Dwelling and public buildings. my18:z

DRIED FRUITS.

60 bbls choice half Peaches;
20 " do quarters do;
15 " do mixed do;
150 bushels good dry Apples;
50 " do prime do;

Just received on commission and for sale low to the trade.

SCHOMAKER & LANG,
my18 97 and 99 Wood street.

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.—

Pearl starch, 10c; Pearl do, 9½c; Corn do, 9c; Gloss do, 12½c; Powdered do, 12½c; Grits, 12½c; Corn Meal, 5c per lb. Orders promptly executed. PRICE & SEA-MAN & LEE.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, July 27, 1867.

CRUDE—The market has been considerably excited throughout the past week, the operations in the aggregate being very heavy, both for present and future delivery. On Friday there was a little panic, under the influence of which sales were made at concessions, but to-day there appeared to be a better feeling, the advices both from the east and Europe being more favorable. The cable telegrams on Friday night quoted at 1s 4½d in Liverpool, which is an advance of 2@2½d within a week, and Antwerp, it is said, is at 41 francs for spot, and 46 for future deliveries. At Oil City our latest advices quote at 33,75@4. Here, as will be seen below, there was a sale of spot oil at 12½c first water at 10¼; and September and October deliveries, seller's option, at 11—40 bbls also rumored that there had been a sale for "first water" at 11. The sales were:

180	bbls deliverable in five days	10¼
500	" last 10 months—seller	10½
500	" de ivered on first water	10¾
1000	" September—seller	11
1000	" October—seller	11
500	" first water	11
500	" next three months—seller	12
60	" September—buyer	12

REFINED—The operations in bonded oil were not very large to-day, though there was apparently a better feeling, and in some cases prices ruled a shade higher. For example, August sold to-day at 32½, all the month, buyer's option, while yesterday there was a sale reported for the same month and option at the spot oil is quiet and unchanged. Crude oil is dull at 9@9½c for prime Kettle rendered. Mess Pork, $23@23,50.

POTATOES—Continue to arrive pretty freely, and prices have still further declined, and we now quote at $4,50 per bushel.

GREEN APPLES—Coming in more freely, but the demand continues ahead of the supply, and prices are pretty well maintained, ranging from 3@4 per bbl.

CHEESE—Is in fair demand and steady but unchanged. We continue to quote at 13@15c, as to quality.

EGGS—Quiet and unchanged at 22@23c—arrivals light and supply only moderate.

BUTTER—Is dull, and prices are nominal at 16@17c for prime fresh. Common packed Butter is hard to sell at any price.

HAY—New Hay sold at scales to-day at $16 @19, and one load of old brought 22.

OIL—Land Oil is steady, with a fair jobbing demand, and we continue to quote at 85c for No. 2, and $1,03@1,06 for No 1.

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Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 27.—Flour dull and 25c lower; family $10@10,50. Wheat; a better supply but dull and no demand of any consequence; No. 1 red held at $2@2,05; white, $2,50@2,75. Corn unchanged and dull; sales of 1,700 bu for No 1 in bulk and 85c for packed. Oats plentier but prices lower, closing at 85@86c for No 1 old. Rye; in better supply and prices tending downward; No 1 $1,33@1,37, closing dull. Barley inactive with nothing doing. Cotton scarce; not much here; holders are asked 30@27c for middling and small sales were made at the inside rate. Whisky unchanged; sales at $2,30 in bond. Mess pork in demand; sales of 1,200 bbls at $24 seller's; held at $24 50@25,00. Bulk meats not offering; generally a firmer feeling; buyers of shoulders at 11½; no sellers; sides held at 13½. Bacon firmer but little offering; sales of clear rib sides at 15½c and of clear at 16c. Hams steady. Lard 12½c for prime and firm. Butter firmer; 18@20 for prime to choice Central Ohio and 22@23c for Western Reserve. Eggs firm at 16c. Sugar firmer and 1@1½c for raw hard; refined, 17½@18c. Coffee, 23@25½c for common to prime Rio. Flax seed dull at $2,00 @2,05. Highwines, $2,30 nominally. Money market quiet, having exchange steady. Money market quiet. The moderate rains all over the west are just in time for corn.

St Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Tobacco quiet and easy for low grades, but better qualities command full prices. Cotton dull and nominally unchanged. Hemp firm and unchanged. Flour inactive and unsettled; extra $9,00@10,00; double extra, $9,50@11,00; triple $11,50@13,50. Wheat is dull and 5@10c lower; sales of choice at $2,85; prime fall $2,05@2,06, choice $2,00@2,10; fancy $2,00@2,25. Corn dull and 2c lower at 81@81½c; white 80@81 for yellow and 80@85 mixed. Oats lower and unsettled at 82@86½ for old and 70@75 for new. Rye unsettled at $1,20@1,40. Provisions opened very dull and closed firmer. Mess Pork $25,00 Bacon unchanged. Lard and whiskey dull with nothing doing. Receipts—flour 2,305 barrels; wheat 10,728 sacks; corn 9,852 do; oats 1,522.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Cotton dull and unchanged; sales of 200 bales of low middling at 24½@25. Receipts 1,000 bales. Sugar and Molasses unchanged. Flour quiet, superfine $10,50@10,75. Corn better inquiry at $1,20@1,40 white. Oats firmer; inquiry at 80@85c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Rye firmer and scarce at $2,00@2,10. Bacon unchanged. Lard and whiskey dull with nothing doing. Receipts—flour 2,305 barrels; wheat 10,728 sacks; corn 9,852 do; oats 1,522.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, July 27.—Flour is dull and quiet, but no sales. Wheat, at $1,89 for No. 2, and $1,10 for rejected. Oats steady, at 66c. Corn quiet, at 86c. Rye dull, at $1,20. Receipts—flour 600 bbls; wheat 5,000. Shipments: flour 2,000 bbls.

MISCELLANEOUS.

F. MUSSMANN,

Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done in the shortest notice. jy20

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY to buy the TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

mh18 P. C. DUFFY.

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter.

Office, corner of BAKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

☞ Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy20

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,

No. 154 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Fresh stock of choice

Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,

Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.

A. G. BRYANT.

my18:z61

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND

and manufacture to order all kinds of spring and plain WAGON, CART, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCK & BUGGY HUBS, And TIP-SLED POKES, HAY RAKE FORKS,

At Duquesne Wagon Works, near the Pittsburgh Depot. ALLMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL

HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, 92 Fourth st., on hand a general assortment of ladies' Wire, Hands, Curls; Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, Scalps, and all kinds of Hair Goods. A good price in cash will be given for Raw Hair.

Ladies' and gentlemen's hair-cutting done in the neatest manner. jy20

CHOICE BEDDING PLANTS.

A very large stock of

Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, &c.,

In bloom, at the Oakland Greenhouses.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

Send for a catalogue. my18:z

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, &c.

124 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. jy18

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. apl6:z

R. P. GETTY,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

Dealer in TEAS, WINES and Pure Old Monongahela Rye and Bourbon WHISKIES, No. 55, Northeast corner of Fifth street and Diamond, Allegheny City, Pa. my18:z66

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 2 and 4 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH. Especial attention given to the designing and building of Store, Dwelling and public buildings. my18:z

DRIED FRUITS.

60 bbls choice half Peaches;
20 " do quarters do;
15 " do mixed do;
150 bushels good dry Apples;
50 " do prime do;

Just received on commission and for sale low to the trade.

SCHOMAKER & LANG,
my18 97 and 99 Wood street.

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.—

Pearl starch, 10c; Pearl do, 9½c; Corn do, 9c; Gloss do, 12½c; Powdered do, 12½c; Grits, 12½c; Corn Meal, 5c per lb. Orders promptly executed. PRICE & SEA-MAN & LEE.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

FULTON, GOLLMAN & CO.,

Manufacture the best

CORDAGE,

OAKUM,

AND

TWINES, in every variety.

Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.

Call or send for Circular. ap13:z48

RIVER NEWS.

Captain Elisha Wood died at his house in Paducah on Tuesday morning last. He was one of the oldest boatmen on the Western rivers, his earlier connections having been with the Cumberland, Tennessee and New Orleans trades. The last boat he commanded was the M. S. Mepham, between New Orleans and St. Louis, and latterly Louisville.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Friday, says: We regret to learn that the accident to Capt. Frank Batchelor's little daughter, at Sedamsville, resulted in her death on Tuesday evening. Cut off suddenly, and while the rich promises of youth were held out to the devoted parents, the blow falls with almost crushing weight. No sort of trial in the ordinary experiences of life compares with the loss of a darling child, and it is all the more severe when it comes suddenly. Capt. Batchelor's daughter was the joy of his household, and had endeared herself to every friend and visitor of the family. Her death causes a deep gloom, while the sympathy and confidence of friends can hardly hope to remove, but they are offered, nevertheless.

The St. Louis *Republican*, in its issue of the 25th, says the T. L. McHitt had arrived from Fort Bethold with all that had been saved from the wreck of the J. H. Trover.

The *Republican* announces the death of Captain John Carlisle at Bunker Hill, Illinois. He was owner and Captain of the Chas. Hellchery, and was pilot of quite a number of fine boats, and built the Marshal Ney in this vicinity in 1842, and was pilot on the Knickerbocker in 1843.

The commission merchants of Cairo have petitioned to have the wharfboats removed from the wharf at that city. The petitions are addressed to the Cairo City Property Trustees, who, it is understood, will adopt measures looking to a compliance with the prayer, when they are satisfied it is the wish of the people that they should do so. So says the Cairo *Democrat*, and it is altogether probable the prayer of the petitioners will be granted.

The Lower Missouri will be well supplied with tunnage this season. The owners of the Miami line yesterday chartered the Peoria City, to make two trips per week to Jefferson City. The Phil. Sheridan has been withdrawn from the St Louis trade. She will run between Dubuque and St. Paul.

The Louisville *Courier* says: The Mississippi at St. Louis is falling fast, and is steady and continued fall is expected in all the upper rivers. This loses the opportunity to St. Louis. While her commerce was, or rather has been, wholly unrestricted and free, by some management or want of energy other business men and merchants have run short of the supplies most needed by the South—bacon, corn, flour, &c., and St. Louis prices have ruled much higher than Louisville, and even Cincinnati, and our merchants, despite the present restricted stage of navigation, and necessarily light freights, have been selling cheaper than St. Louis.

The Chicago *Republican*, of Friday, has the following: A special meeting of the Board of Supervising Steamboat Inspectors was held in this city, at the Custom house yesterday, A. S. Hemis in the chair.

The members present were A. Guthrie, of Chicago; C. L. stevenson, of Galena; Daniel G. Taylor, of St. Louis; William Rogers, of New Orleans; and W. Guthrie, of Louisville.

Mr. Devinney, of Pittsburgh (E. W. Morris, of Baltimore, Capt. W. M. Mew, Special Agent of Treasury Department, and Capt. Hutchinson and William Bradford, New York. Absent, was Wm. Burnett, of San Francisco.

On motion, A. T. Shermar, of Chicago, was elected Secretary.

On motion, the general order of business was suspended. It was moved and carried that todays reports of the public journals of the mission to be present at the meetings of the Board.

A communications from the President of the Steamboat Association, relative to a law for binding cotton for safety to vessels was read, and referred to a special committee of the following: Messrs. Wm. Rogers, G. Taylor and J. V. Guthrie.

The inquiry was raised by Capt. Mew as to whether the boiler recently furnished the local inspectors by the Treasury Department are satisfactory, and whether they are really needed. The matter has postponed for special to-day.

The subject of a uniform steam gauge for the use of the Supervising and Local Inspectors was partially discussed, and postponed for further consideration to-day.

The St. Louis *Democrat*, referring to the report that the Mollie Able, Silver Key and officers of the Atlantic Company here are not aware of the sale of the Mollie Able. She cannot be delivered until the bill of sale attached to the bill of sale. However, parties representing Messrs. Wait & Co. have been here, trying to buy the Mollie Able, but they have not yet come down with the $30,000, nor a portion of the sum.

The Dubuque *Herald* says: The result of the conference among the officers of the two packet companies last week is visible, and the Northern Line is master of the situation. The Phil. Sheridan has made her last trip below the Upper Rapids. Instead of returning to St. Louis Sunday evening as we announced, she was hauled off from the levee and laid up at the above, taking the place of the Northern Belle which boat is laid up at Lacrosse.

St. Paul papers announce the arrest of two persons, charged with the robbery of a gold watch valued at $400 from W. Rhodes, secretary and treasurer of the N. W. U. Packet Co.

The following is a partial report of the second day's proceedings of the Supervising Steamboat Inspectors, in session at Chicago, last week:

Mr. Tayler offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a Committee of